

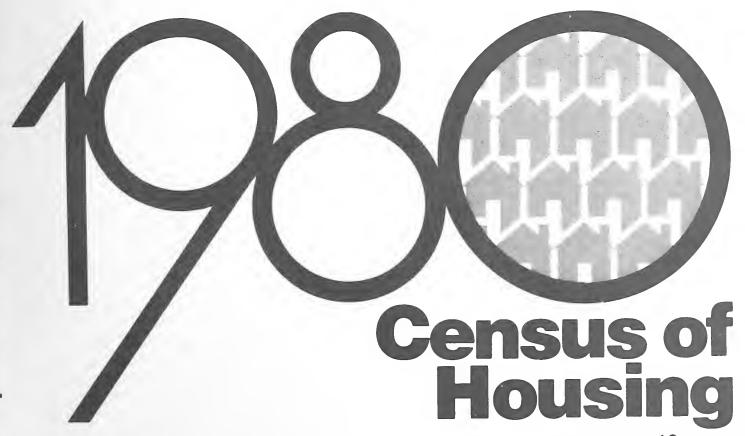
#### HC80-2-88

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# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

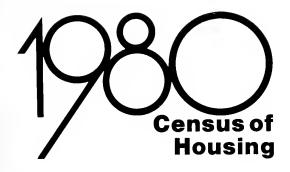
BELLINGHAM, WASH.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



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**VOLUME 2** 

## Data Index

# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

BELLINGHAM, WASH.

HC80-2-88

Issued November 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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# BUREAU OF THE CENSUS C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

# **Acknowledgments**

Many persons participated in the diverse activities of the 1980 census. These acknowledgments generally reflect staff during the postcensus data publication process. The Bureau was guided by Director, Bruce Chapman and Deputy Director, C. L. Kincannon. Primary direction of the data publication program was performed by William P. Butz, Associate Director for Demographic Fields, assisted by Peter A. Bounpane, Assistant Director for Demographic Census, in conjunction with Barbara A. Bailar, Associate Director for Statistical Standards and Methodology, Howard N. Hamilton, Acting Associate Director for Information Technology, James D. Lincoln, then Associate Director for Administration, and Stanley D. Moore, Associate Director for Field Operations. The Director's staff was assisted by Sherry L. Courtland. Direction of the census enumeration and early processing activities was provided by Vincent P. Barabba, former Director; Daniel B. Levine, former Deputy Director; and George E. Hall, former Associate Director.

Responsibility for the overall planning, coordinating, processing, and publication of the 1980 census was in the Decennial Census Division under the direction of Stanley D. Matchett, Chief, assisted by Rachel F. Brown and Roger O. Lepage, Assistant Division Chiefs. The following Branch Chiefs were responsible for support services: Donald R. Dalzell, H. Ray Dennis, Stephen E. Goldman, Dennis W. Stoudt, and Richard R. Warren.

Responsibility for developing the housing portion of the 1980 census questionnaire content, designing the tabulations, and preparing this report was in the Housing Division under the supervision of Arthur F. Young, Chief; Leonard J. Norry, Assistant Chief; and William A. Downs, Chief, Decennial Planning and Data Services Branch. This report was prepared by Robert W. Bonnette, Carol A. Comisarow, Richard G. Knapp, and Charles N. Moore. Important contributions were made by Carmina F. Young, Special Assistant.

Administration support was provided by the Administrative Services Division, Robert L.

Kirkland, Chief, and William C. Fanning, Assistant Chief.

Computer processing was performed in the Computer Services Division, C. Thomas DiNenna, Chief, James E. Steed, George M. Bowden, and Joseph J. Sferrella, Assistant Chiefs.

Questionnaire processing procedures were developed in the Decennial Processing Staff, James S. Werking, then Chief, under the direction of Harry O'Haver, then Assistant Chief. The clerical coding and microfilming of the sample questionnaires were performed at three decennial processing locations as follows: Data Preparation Division, Don L. Adams, Chief; Jeffersonville Processing Office, Robert L. Kirkland, then Processing Manager; New Orleans Processing Office, Robert L. Allen, Chief; and Laguna Niguel Processing Office, Robert N. Scheller, Chief.

User services were provided by the Data User Services Division under the supervision of Michael G. Garland, Chief, Marshall L. Turner, Jr., and Paul T. Zeisset, Assistant Chiefs.

Data collection activities were supervised in the Field Division by Lawrence T. Love, Chief, under the direction of Richard Blass, Charles Hancock, and George T. Reiner, Assistant Chiefs, with the assistance of the directors and assistant directors of the Bureau's regional offices.

Geographic programs and plans were developed in the Geography Division under the direction of Robert W. Marx, Chief; Joseph J. Knott and Silla G. Tomasi, Assistant Chiefs; and Donald I. Hirschfeld. Special Assistant.

Publications editing, design, composition, and printing procurement were performed by the staff of the Publications Services Division, Raymond J. Koski, Chief; Milton S. Andersen, Arlene C. Duckett, and Gerald A. Mann, Branch Chiefs.

The Statistical Methods Division was largely responsible for weighting sample data and

producing variance estimates. This work was supervised by Charles D. Jones, Chief; Susan M. Miskura and Robert T. O'Reagan, Assistant Chiefs. Important contributions were made by David H. Diskin, Milton C. Fan, Thomas W. Harahush, Robert S. Jewett, J. Kim, Teresa A. Passalacqua, Charles E. Talbert, John H. Thompson, and Henry F. Woltman.

The system design, technical specifications, assembly, and installation of the FOSDIC and Automated Camera Technology System were the responsibility of the Technical Services Division, C. Thomas DiNenna, Acting Chief, and Robert J. Varson, Branch Chief.

Many other persons participated in the various activities of the 1980 census. For a list of key personnel, refer to the *History of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing*, (PHC80-R2).

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

1980 census of housing. Volume 2, Metropolitan housing characteristics.

HC80-2-Issued August 1983—

1. Housing—United States—Statistics. 2. Households—United States—Statistics. 3. United States—Census, 20th, 1980. I. United States. Bureau of the Census. II. Title: Metropolitan housing characteristics.

HD7293.A6114 312',9'0973 81-607957 AACR2

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#### **GENERAL**

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States

Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

### **CONTENTS OF THE REPORT**

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

# DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000—." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

# SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

# SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

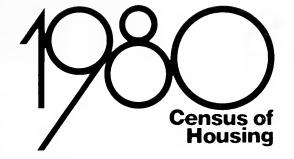
To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

# BELLINGHAM, WASH.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-88

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each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate	List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	x
race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as	Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	XII
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(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

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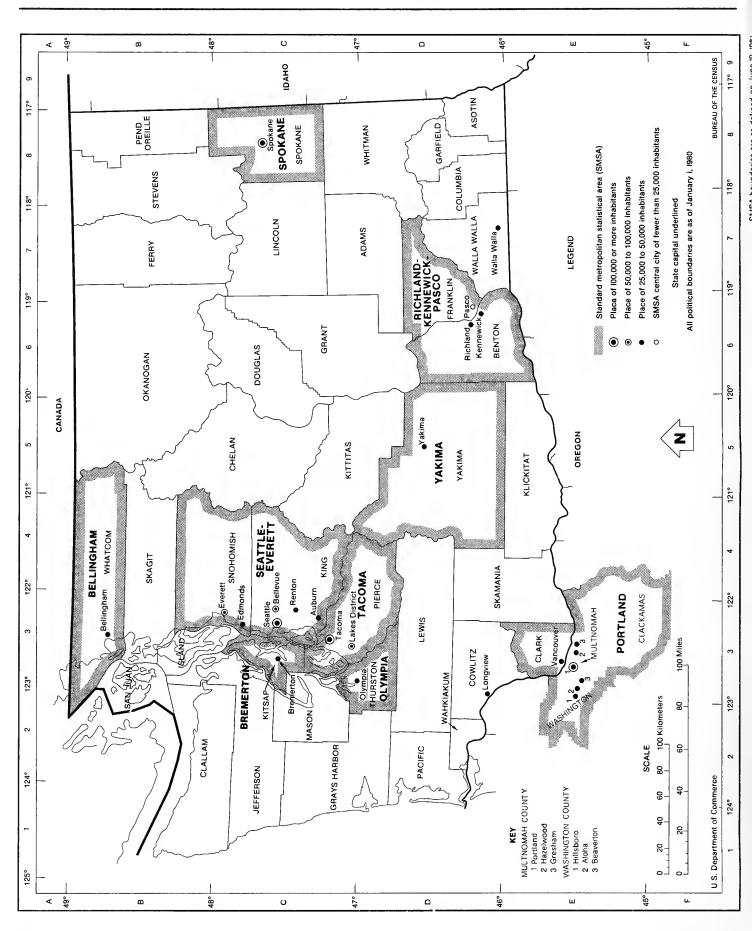
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# Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 1	_ 2	_ 3	<u>-</u>	- 5	6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	_ _ _ 3	- - - 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	_ 1 _	2 2 2	- - -	- - -	_ 5 _	_ 6 _
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	-
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS  Heating equipment	1 1 - -	2 2 - -	3 3 3 3	4 4 4	5 5 - 5 -	6 6 - 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS  Value	_	_ _		_ _ _	5 -	6 -
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income Contract rent	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ 4 4	5  -  -  -	6 - - -
Gross rent as percentage of household income	1	2	3	4		_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	1 1 1	2 - 2	3 -	4	5 	6
The table numbers listed above show data fithe race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro						
White	14 25	15 26	16 27	17 28	18 29	19 30
Aleut	36 47 58	37 48 59	38 49 60	39 50 61	40 51 62	41 52 63

						r	
Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS							_
Condominium	_ 7	8 8	<u>-</u> -	_ _		_ _	-
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS							
Rooms	7	8	9	-	_	12	-
Persons in unit	7	_	_	10	-	_	_
Bedrooms	_ 7	8 8	9	_   _	-	12 12	13
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS							
Units in structure	7	_	9	_	11	12	13
Year structure built	_		_	_	-	12	13
Stories in structure	-	-	_	_	_	-	_
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS							
Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS							
Heating equipment	7	8	_	_	_	12	_
Air conditioning	7	8	_	_	-	-	_
Vehicles available	-	8	-	_	_	-	_
House heating fuel	7	8	_	_	-	i -	_
Water heating fuel	_	8	-	_	_	_	_
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS							
Value		_	9	_	_	_	_
Price asked	-	_	_	_	_	12	_
Mortgage status and selected							
monthly owner costs		_	_	_	11	_	-
Selected monthly owner costs as		_	9		11	_	
percentage of household income Contract rent	_	_	9	_	_	_	_
Gross rent		_	9	****	11	_	_
Rent asked	_	_	_	_	_	12	_
Gross rent as percentage of							
household income			9	10	11	-	_
Mortgage status and selected monthly							
owner costs as percentage of household income	-	_		10	′ –	_	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS							
Household type by age of							
householder	7	8	_	_	_	_	_
Income	7	8	9	_	11	_	_
Income below poverty level	7	8	9	-	11	_	_
The table numbers listed above show data f the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro						•	•
White	20	21	22	23	24	_	_
Black	31	32	33	34	35	_	_
American Indian, Eskimo, and							
Aleut	42	43	44	45	46	-	-
Asian and Pacific Islander	53	54	55	56	57	-	_
Spanish origin	64	65	66	67	68	-	_



#### CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

#### NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

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# Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Dato ore estimo	ies posed oil	o somple, see	- anii oduciion	. FOI IIIeOIIII	g or symbols,	, see iiii ouu	MOII. FOI GEI	IIIIIIOIIS OI TEI	ms, see oppen	dixes A olid o	l 	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	18 868	117	508	1 052	2 261	3 369	2 999	4 773	1 949	1 313	527	56 200	63 500
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  25 to 34 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years	14 157 403 3 356 3 135 4 832 2 431 1 732 570 252 372 413 2 979 67 439 348 801 1 324	23	185 9 9 14 5 46 111 104 - 18 2 2 37 47 219 - 14 16 45 144 68.8	536 28 43 49 152 264 179 100 32 20 37 7 25 25 27 80 198 65.9	1 379 71 334 200 374 301 21 81 50 50 59 90 581 139 51 93 293 293 53.7	2 408 103 1721 379 693 512 378 29 132 772 61 84 583 17 100 102 118 165 181 145.3	2 296 97 745 451 6358 231 33 93 21 52 32 472 31 74 56 6157 157	3 956 75 925 1 031 1 474 451 318 32 22 129 44 90 23 499 - 63 37 189 210 45.5	1 741 20 370 553 6599 1399 101 - 39 222 18 18 22 107 7 6 3 32 21 41 41 41,	1 178 184 325 545 124 49 - 22 9 18 - 86 - 11 5 34 36 48.5	455 	61 000 48 900 57 100 69 300 65 900 49 900 46 500 51 900 36 400 44 900 43 700 45 900 43 700 45 900 43 900 43 900 44 900 51 900 43 900 44 900 51 900 43 900 44 900 45 900 47 900 48 900 48 900 49 900 40 900 50 900 500 50 900 50 900 5000 50	67 900 49 700 62 500 75 600 73 700 57 000 51 900 52 100 54 900 54 900 54 900 54 900 55 100 50 300 48 500 52 100 54 200 45 400
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	2 781 5 661 3 745 3 124 3 557	8 16 18 27 48	31 73 89 106 209	91 166 243 201 351	270 580 441 357 613	484 1 135 663 458 629	543 914 545 424 573	808 1 549 911 831 674	264 717 425 349 194	211 360 292 254 196	71 151 118 117 70	59 200 59 200 57 400 59 600 48 800	66 300 65 400 64 800 65 900 54 800
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	485 2 344 4 338 4 776 3 319 3 606 6.0	43 49 19 6 - 3.8	45 219 195 44 5 - 4.5	74 399 298 186 46 49 4.7	74 546 795 542 190 114 5.1	104 5555 1 110 992 397 211 5.4	38 288 760 965 591 357 5.9	60 207 759 1 432 1 227 1 088 6.5	33 52 190 337 494 843 7.2	14 26 164 210 266 633 7.4	3 48 62 103 311 8.0	40 500 39 300 47 600 55 500 65 800 79 800	42 600 40 800 52 400 60 000 72 100 90 900
BEDROOMS None	39 647 4 907 9 195 3 389 691	13 42 50 12 - -	15 55 336 97 5	7 112 581 241 104	123 1 000 876 242 20	138 1 094 1 671 431 35	64 669 1 719 473 74	- 55 680 2 854 993 191	- 40 211 1 039 518 141	4 18 210 485 441 155	- 76 201 182 68	14 100 39 200 44 000 59 900 69 300 82 500	23 300 41 900 50 100 64 600 77 900 94 600
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	3 689 3 011 2 226 2 406 1 789 5 747	9 15 18 8 20 47	44 21 40 35 70 298	34 82 50 117 171 598	79 195 146 306 371 1 164	454 551 306 445 402	538 602 271 354 272 962	1 349 859 713 668 263 921	637 382 337 229 113 251	412 212 220 195 68 206	133 92 125 49 39 89	69 500 60 700 67 600 57 600 46 800 46 000	76 200 67 800 75 200 64 400 53 400 51 200
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000.  \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,499 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or \$49,999	1 576 2 135 1 196 1 200 2 819 3 177 3 837 1 895 1 033 \$20 832 \$23 024	57   55   5   5     5     5     5     5     5   104   \$5   753	183 123 38 48 69 26 15 6 - \$7 139 \$9 873	263 325 118 43 137 77 68 21 - \$8 239 \$11 080	364 385 216 223 408 313 265 87 \$14 355 \$15 377	221 454 284 328 644 621 597 175 45 \$18 144 \$18 891	161 313 249 211 522 605 657 212 69 \$20 331 \$20 995	207 342 168 200 643 1 000 1 332 651 230 \$24 240 \$25 480	72 80 53 76 209 323 561 344 231 \$27 563 \$30 876	43 36 52 61 137 146 255 326 257 \$31 853 \$36 956	5 22 18 10 50 61 87 73 201 \$36 671 \$48 166	38 000 43 900 47 200 48 900 52 400 58 600 63 800 75 100 95 000	43 000 47 200 52 700 54 800 58 700 63 600 68 900 80 100 112 800
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not martgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	11 974 3 940 2 311 1 688 1 233 877 1 893 32 19.4 6 894 3 554 1 390 665 381 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240	5 - - 5 - - 22.5 112 23 36 - - - 23 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	140 41 37 25 9 - 28 89 133 39 43 27 10 37 11 13,9	312 111 51 17 39 34 60 235 147 98 86 61 60 31 82 26 14.1	1 223 398 254 176 104 64 212 15 19,1 1 038 489 186 135 69 32 230 97 77	2 137 598 504 330 212 146 336 11 19.6 11 272 154 68 22 21 1 50 68 10.0	1 970 535 411 284 229 20.7 1 029 20.7 1 029 239 80 52 19 9 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	3 387 1 152 6114 5111 389 224 491 491 19.4 1 3892 197 777 77 45 51 51 51 64	1 504 527 225 159 111 216 - 19.2 445 282 98 36 6 6 6 12 11	918 406 117 82 81 113 119 - 17.3 395 254 70 38 18 - - 8 7	378 172 577 33 11 54 51 — 16.5 149 98 22 8 10 7 7 4 —	61 000 64 200 66 200 66 200 61 200 63 800 58 200 45 500 47 800 47 800 40 400 33 100 40 400 33 100 40 400 40 40 400 40 40 400 40 40 400 40 40 400 40 400 400	67 800 72 000 64 200 64 000 64 700 77 200 65 000 45 200 51 000 46 700 43 400 43 800 50 000
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 800 233 68 18 18 866 15 547 685 489 1 404 7.4	95 5 22 9 117 44 - - 51 43.6	484 8 24 9 508 266 9 - 110 21.7	1 052 7 - 1 052 652 44 7 206 19.6	2 256 48 5 2 261 1 576 36 10 270 11.9	3 363 82 6 3 369 2 766 64 33 260 7.7	2 999 21 2 997 2 612 82 53 172 5.7	4 762 51 11 4 773 4 221 202 132 203 4.3	1 949 - - 1 949 1 785 87 74 68 3.5	1 313 11 - 1 313 1 149 126 115 52 4.0	527 	56 300 45 200 15 600 12 500 56 200 59 300 74 000 82 000 42 300	63 600 49 000 26 800 11 900 63 500 66 100 86 400 97 500 47 500

# Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Data are estimat	es bused on a	sumple, see a	Moudemon. Pe	or meaning or	symbols, see it	stroduction. Po	or definitions of	ierms, see up	penuixes A un	u oj	
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$100	\$100 ta \$149	\$150 ta \$199	\$200 ta \$249	\$250 ta \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 ta \$399	\$400 ta \$499	\$500 ar mare	Na cash rent	Medion (dallars)
Specified renter-accupled hausing units	12 939	754	838	2 020	2 731	2 648	1 351	863	683	392	659	246
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-cauple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	3 974 886 1 550 619 548 371 3 947	43 6 11 26 251	193 21 46 20 10 96 286	397 140 143 29 60 25 769	601 199 245 70 53 34	796 259 253 125 95 64 755	627 106 272 110 97 42 320	378 67 219 61 31 - 248	345 45 183 54 63 -	<b>243</b> 26 67 84 46 20 <b>70</b>	351 23 116 55 93 64	283 261 304 312 305 225 230
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female hausehalder, na husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	1 395 1 507 401 373 271 5 018 1 635 1 170 371 565 1 277	62 50 11 58 70 <b>460</b> 11 37 9 35 368	54 117 27 45 43 <b>359</b> 104 90 - 58 107	262 313 85 63 46 <b>854</b> 254 223 48 116 213	381 348 99 71 41 <b>1 190</b> 485 278 88 104 235	264 333 66 86 6 1 097 446 286 83 125	123 105 56 16 20 <b>404</b> 151 126 73 6	106 109 27 4 2 <b>237</b> 68 78 36 37	75 66 11 - 6 <b>180</b> 82 33 26 26	40 13 9 8  7 <b>9</b> 34 14 5 9	28 53 10 22 37 158 - 5 3 49	238 236 236 206 166 233 247 242 278 227
Median age	8 008 3 210 916	70.3 232 153 236	34.1 397 243 125	1 157 654 118	27.7 1 722 757 136	27.9 1 795 633 143	935 327 63	29.3 692 131 21	31.1 598 64 7	35.1 326 56 9	154 192 58	261 231 179
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier ROOMS	489 316	115	43 30	77 14	59 57	55 22	26	11 8	14	1	89 166	174 211
1 roam 2 roams 3 roams 4 rooms 5 rooms 7 or more roams Median	510 1 464 2 536 4 044 2 202 1 218 965 4.0	208 260 195 56 6 18 11 2.1	77 212 280 139 60 53 17 3.0	125 497 618 547 128 78 27 3.1	41 315 873 954 387 84 77 3.6	7 83 329 1 381 580 178 90 4.2	11 47 103 522 349 195 124 4.5	13 7 33 176 307 194 133 5.2	8 7 9 65 197 196 201 5.8	16 - 27 43 100 206 6.6	20 96 177 145 122 79 4.6	125 185 207 258 289 335 386
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.00 1.51 or more	12 939 12 631 8 160 4 092 283 96 308 144 144 144	754 634 399 224 - 11 120 36 84 - -	838 755 530 216 7 2 83 58 25	2 020 1 999 1 416 511 48 24 21 12 - 9	2 731 2 707 1 911 707 73 16 24 18 6	2 648 2 637 1 707 864 66 	1 351 1 338 797 503 28 10 13 5 8	863 859 439 385 17 18 4 4 - -	683 683 361 306 16 	392 385 164 214 7 7 - 7 - 1 1	659 634 436 162 21 15 25 - 20	246 248 240 266 252 209 112 133 89 155 500+
Income in 1979 belaw paverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mare persons per raam Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per raam	3 525 3 386 152 139 15	397 347 6 50	281 242 9 39	542 526 31 16 9	<b>733</b> 720 33 13 –	744 738 26 6 -	289 281 25 8 -	166 166 13 -	159 159 9 -	69 62 - 7 6	145 145 - - -	233 235 246 130 158
BEDROOMS None	715 3 947 5 550 1 935 661 131	224 442 67 6 15	152 411 198 39 28 10	207 1 164 552 71 26	66 1 195 1 245 183 40 2	9 421 1 854 277 78 9	11 139 777 338 75 11	13 7 395 329 81 38	8 32 144 339 151 9	22 52 188 86 44	25 114 266 165 81 8	140 197 265 346 367 389
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or mare Mabile hame or trailer, etc.	5 132 1 132 1 053 1 099 2 690 1 237 596	68 31 12 46 209 372 16	217 47 103 73 260 73 65	501 188 286 267 482 176 120	841 240 266 365 689 210 120	863 291 236 175 655 307 121	671 176 98 92 221 40 53	576 106 29 - 103 35 14	584 22 18 - 44 15 -	328 - 22 29 13 -	483 31 5 15 27 11 87	290 260 220 222 230 199 217
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	2 692 2 156 1 978 3 216 1 610 3 287	35 183 259 8 90 179	74 73 105 110 144 332	225 259 307 192 340 697	513 519 449 280 339 631	733 578 450 201 235 451	449 229 119 151 157 246	287 79 109 58 153 177	150 102 54 92 58 227	161 77 26 10 37 81	65 57 100 114 57 266	281 251 228 245 226 221
STORIES IN STRUCTURE   1 to 3	12 018 921 697	377 377 357	743 95 56	1 869 151 92	2 580 151 123	2 565 83 50	1 326 25 -	849 14 7	683 - -	367 25 12	659 - -	252 146 97
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 55 percent or more Not computed Median	1 765 1 491 1 678 1 504 951 1 755 2 962 833 28.7	170 107 172 146 45 47 62 5	219 64 108 124 38 116 163 6 26.0	329 285 337 200 133 248 446 42 25.9	477 264 267 244 228 383 831 37 32.1	323 375 324 381 213 333 667 32 28.8	137 180 263 150 123 206 253 39 27.5	53 103 104 105 104 212 182 - 33.2	22 80 57 111 42 114 244 13 37.0	35 33 46 43 25 96 114 - 37.7	659	218 253 241 255 257 260 249 242
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system	12 908 10 264 200 102	<b>754</b> 667 <b>39</b> 10	<b>838</b> 618 - -	2 020 1 457 18 18	2 724 2 118 24 23	2 648 2 185 36 13	1 343 1 153 22 10	<b>863</b> 707 <b>14</b> 6	683 576 10 6	391 353 6 6	644 430 33 10	246 251 253 225

# Table A=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

No.	<u> </u>				ш	ousehald incom	ma in 1070					-	
The CAACA				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000		\$25,000	\$35,000				Income in 1979 below
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 ta \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,300 to \$14,999	\$13,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 ta \$34,999	\$35,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dallars)	poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	25 830	2 225	3 225	1 787	1 691	3 755	4 098	5 014	2 496	1 539	20 281	22 893	2 006
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	19 094	541	1 718	1 082	1 214	2 941	3 518	4 501	2 236	1 343	22 948	25 882	730
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	537 4 <b>2</b> 69	16 101	31 232	21 1 <b>8</b> 2	232	145 909	171 957	87 1 244	269	143	19 695 22 422	19 173 23 792	28 202
35 to 44 years	4 134 6 707 3 447	95 164 165	136 256 1 063	95 270 514	165 343 408	531 84 <b>8</b> 508	808 1 236 346	1 222 1 730 218	739 1 072	343 7 <b>88</b>	26 43 <b>8</b> 26 432 12 410	29 996 30 443 15 709	169 200
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	2 687 240	<b>508</b> 25	413 31	251 30	200 26	351 33	345 29	336 24	156 165 8	69 118	14 644 15 952	18 365 21 733	131 377
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	852 407	100	81 <b>5</b> 7	112 18	43 37	184 52	117 79	141 68	55 46	34 19 32	17 902 20 995	18 625 28 111	132
45 to 64 years65 years and aver	620 56 <b>8</b>	79 286	102 142	60 31	43 51	66 16	110 10	86 17	56	18 15	17 561 4 9 <b>8</b> 0	19 326 8 519	28 132 25 63 129 899
Female hauseholder, na husband present 15 to 24 years	<b>4 049</b> 101	1 1 <b>76</b> 22	1 <b>094</b> 35	<b>454</b> 22	277 6	<b>463</b> 9	235	1 <b>77</b> 7	95 -	78 -	<b>8 702</b> 8 646	11 <b>802</b> 9 636	22
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	567 454	115 55	127 132	54 51	71 52	63 87	62 37	57 12	14 16	12	11 921 11 961	13 589 15 061	146 122
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	1 113 1 814	151 <b>8</b> 33	269 531	179 148	70 78	219 85	94 42	59 42	36 29	36 26	11 906 5 <b>5</b> 75	14 830 8 691	172 437
Median age	48.6	68.6	66.5	59.8	53.1	42.4	42.1	42.3	46.3	48.4	•••	•••	51.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	4 037	248	390	284	297	726	776	747	343	226	20 476	23 308	325
1975 to 1978	7 931 4 914	505 378	724 610	520 285	448 353	1 281 676	1 433 766	1 7 <b>8</b> 6 1 070	770 497	464 279	21 490 21 123	24 152 23 040	568 357
1960 to 1969	4 18 <b>8</b> 4 760	362 732	561 940	255 443	257 336	489 583	568 555	803 608	586 300	307 263	21 641 14 472	24 497 18 883	282 474
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
1.01 or more persons per room	25 656 442	2 179 21	3 170 32	1 769 28	1 6 <b>84</b> 3 <u>4</u>	3 742 105	<b>4 079</b> 65	<b>5 008</b> 83	2 486 57	1 <b>539</b> 17	20 346 20 089	<b>22 968</b> 23 010	1 <b>940</b>
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	174 49	46 12 2 225	55 27	18 - 1 774	7 - 1 691	13 - 3 75 <b>5</b>	19 4 4 098	6 6 5 014	10		8 <b>793</b> 7 986	11 923 10 777	66 21
Heating equipment  Central heating system  Air conditioning	25 813 20 902 1 090	1 488 72	3 221 2 455 96	1 395 18	1 403	2 969 149	3 327 160	4 278 196	2 496 2 174 195	1 539 1 413 120	20 291 21 142 24 066	22 902 24 000 29 821	2 006 1 322 61
Central system	810 24 828	34 1 <b>624</b>	68 3 002	18 1 727	54 1 6 <b>60</b>	94 3 716	120 <b>4 079</b>	150 <b>4 999</b>	164 2 496	108 1 <b>525</b>	27 823 20 836	32 859 23 544	1 589
1 2 or more	6 506 18 322	1 060 564	1 678 1 324	738 989	518 1 142	879 2 837	726 3 353	528 4 471	213 2 283	166 1 359	11 745 23 434	14 990 26 582	823 766
House heating fuel Utility gas	25 813 6 743	2 225 627	3 221 834	1 774 455	1 <b>691</b> 441	3 <b>755</b> 994	4 098 1 022	5 014 1 243	2 <b>496</b> 701	1 <b>539</b> 426	20 291 20 100	<b>22 902</b> 22 774	2 006 535
Battled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	766 10 845	98 844	106 1 309	83 718	41 728	134 1 537	83 1 <b>82</b> 5	127 2 279	52 1 052	42 553	16 833 20 767	20 066 23 026	78 809
Fuel ail, kerasene, etcOther	4 781 2 678	413 243	643 329	355 163	309 172	559 531	624 544	899 466	518 173	461 57	20 955 18 986	25 000 19 784	324 260
Median rooms	5.9 18 868	4.8 1 576	5.1 2 135	5.2 1 196	5.4 1 200	5.8 2 819	6.1 3 177	6.3 3 837	6.7 1 895	7.3 1 033		23 024	5.1 1 404
Specified owner-occupied hausing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	10 000	1 3/6	2 133	1 170	1 200	2 017	3 1//	3 637	1 673	1 033	20 832	23 024	1 404
OWNER COSTS	11 074	4/0	000	540							(70	a/ 050	
With a martgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	11 974 1 044 1 224	<b>460</b> 121 60	<b>802</b> 199 121	<b>548</b> 103 103	6 <b>45</b> 101 95	1 <b>828</b> 197 208	2 348 144 260	3 017 110 219	1 569 58	<b>757</b> 11 32	23 679 14 950 20 348	26 058 16 332 21 565	636 142 111
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 759 1 618	70 56	126 121	92 92	118 66	249 295	350 298	529 408	126 178 233	47 49	23 435 22 965	23 738 24 238	82 86
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	1 282 2 379	26 57	57 89	25 60	85 119	197 343	310 506	357 671	158 347	67 187	23 005 24 770	26 166 28 134	43 67
\$500 ta \$599 \$600 ta \$749	1 161 1 020	17 36	47 21	31 38	35 15	185 103	220 193	312 310	206 161	108 143	25 315 26 982	29 524 32 550	29 45
\$750 or more Median	487 \$363	17 \$285	21 \$282	\$2 <b>8</b> 7	11 \$306	51 \$344	67 \$370	101 \$384	102 \$408	113 \$494	25 529	40 330	31 \$290
Not martgaged Less than \$50	6 <b>894</b> 318	1 116 113	1 <b>333</b> 112	<b>648</b> 5	<b>555</b>	9 <b>91</b> 22	<b>829</b> 31	<b>820</b> 10	<b>326</b> 12	276	14 077 6 402	17 755 10 043	<b>768</b> 107
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	1 009	296 361	290 371	95 196	105 87	74 284	59 193	69 186	21 51	13	8 479 11 773	10 980 14 145	165
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	1 594 1 033	189 84	305 180	137 101	180 97	280 149	238 127	158 166	62 78	45 51	14 806 16 747	17 167 20 440	131
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	810 264	41 20	66 6	80 23	40 27	145 31	116 55	191 34	52 21	79 47	21 650 21 689	25 631 33 158	36
\$250 or mare Median	124 \$106	12 \$85	3 \$93	11 \$105	\$110	\$110	10 \$114	6 \$123	29 \$130	41 \$168	38 150	44 304	7 \$86
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY													
OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
With a martgage Less than 15 percent	11 <b>974</b> 3 940	460	<b>802</b> 26	<b>548</b> 22	<b>645</b> 48	1 <b>828</b> 249	<b>2 348</b> 604	3 <b>017</b> 1 266	1 <b>569</b> 1 067	<b>757</b> 658	<b>23 679</b> 32 610	26 <b>058</b> 37 581	<b>636</b> 6
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	2 311 1 688	13	33 27	56 69	96 116	367 330	49 <b>8</b> 543	864 476	322 104	75 10	25 792 22 230	27 079 23 169	18 6
25 ta 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	1 233 877	5	64 42	104 104	103 102	328 242	342 213	243 134	49 21	14	20 189 18 803	20 310 19 721	27 9
35 percent ar mare	1 893 32	410 32	610	193	180	312	148	34	6	-	9 324 2500—	10 522	538 32
Median	19.4 6 <b>894</b>	50+ 1 116	47.9 1 <b>333</b>	31.1 <b>648</b>	28.0 <b>555</b>	24.5 <b>991</b>	20.7 <b>829</b>	16.4 <b>820</b>	12.7 <b>326</b>	10— <b>276</b>	14 077	17 755	50 + 768
Less than 10 percent	3 554 1 390	108	206 445	206 277	271 241	736 225	729 90	814 -	322 4	270	22 710 11 282	26 602 11 <b>75</b> 4	31 45
15 to 19 percent	665 3 <b>8</b> 1	126 145	357 181	103 39	33 10	30	4 6	6 -	_	6 -	7 435 5 807	8 737 6 466	36 85
25 to 29 percent	240 207 403	143 152	79 50	18 5	_	-	-	_	_	Ξ	4 533 4 128	5 045 4 353	99 107
35 percent or mare Not camputed Median	403 54 10—	3 <b>8</b> 8 54 30.3	15 ~ 15.2	12.1	10.1	– 10–	- 10—	10-	10-	- 10—	2 982 2500—	2 836 -186	311 54 32.9
	10-	30.3	13.2	12.1	10.1	10-	10-	10	10	10-		•••	32.7

Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Ho	ousehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 ta \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or mare	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dallars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	13 800	3 269	3 656	1 595	1 076	1 <b>7</b> 87	1 153	846	300	118	9 962	12 610	3 720
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families	4 432 934 1 710 731 646 411 4 127 1 420 1 616 417 380 294 5 241 1 679 1 223 391	336 98 100 54 28 56 903 340 239 50 133 141 2 030 564 365	867 237 302 97 70 161 1 053 402 419 64 78 90 1 736 619 415 183	541 192 203 34 48 64 521 197 238 24 24 38 533 173 188 59	451 125 202 28 72 24 330 105 162 50 13 	856 181 337 134 151 53 556 222 242 240 38 14 375 93 142	586 61 311 106 85 23 439 67 178 31 158 31 5 128 56	512 23 206 158 118 7 215 78 98 17 22 	189 11 43 81 37 17 86 9 40 14 17 6 25 5 8	94 6 6 39 37 6 24 - - - - -	15 114 11 719 15 659 20 625 18 526 9 606 9 598 11 576 9 045 16 602 9 045 5 405 6 940 7 593 7 804	18 312 12 583 16 539 29 672 22 258 12 299 12 317 10 711 13 024 6 080 15 295 6 996 8 019 8 458 8 783 9 086	551 146 182 111 62 50 1 056 502 296 60 107 91 2 113 877 448 127
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	593 1 355 <b>30.2</b>	204 823 <b>33.</b> 6	136 383 <b>29.0</b>	61 52 <b>27.7</b>	47 46 <b>28.4</b>	71 34 <b>30.0</b>	41 12 <b>32.7</b>	27 5 <b>32.4</b>	6 37.4	- 47.5	8 831 4 467	10 279 5 488	206 455 <b>27.9</b>
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	00.2	00.5						V2	•			•••	2/11
1979 to March 1980	8 355 3 505 973 542 425	1 762 748 391 213 155	2 316 921 184 107 128	1 143 287 94 31 40	670 323 74 4 5	1 065 559 83 51 29	731 304 68 34 16	475 246 54 45 26	155 82 16 32 15	38 35 9 25 11	10 218 10 727 6 718 7 813 7 478	12 016 13 026 10 710 22 786 12 226	2 445 736 270 148 121
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM  Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 0.50 or less 0.50 rol less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	13 445 8 652 4 374 318 101 355 166 164 14	3 090 2 279 745 39 27 179 86 88 5	3 560 2 454 981 94 31 96 37 53 -	1 574 1 051 493 23 7 21 16 5	1 <b>057</b> 603 403 37 14 19 5 5	1 769 994 747 28 - 18 11 7	1 142 577 508 52 5 11 5 6	835 419 369 35 12 11 6 -	300 218 67 10 5 -	118 57 61  - - -	10 115 9 063 12 338 12 703 8 295 4 974 4 886 4 800 13 056 9 792	12 746 11 399 15 308 14 294 12 215 7 467 7 550 6 484 9 935 17 733	3 556 2 094 1 304 117 41 164 73 71 14 6
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Heating equipment	13 768 10 731 218 108 11 557 6 241 5 316 13 768 3 529 420 7 322 1 400 1 097 4.0	3 257 2 502 54 15 1 945 1 458 487 3 257 995 132 1 540 302 288 3.4	3 644 2 802 39 31 3 000 2 051 949 3 644 955 114 2 025 291 259 3.9	1 595 1 219 19 11 1 477 907 570 1 595 362 44 877 169 143 4.1	1 076 841 20 10 1 016 486 530 1 076 263 25 612 80 96 4.3	1 779 1 429 28 12 1 723 701 1 022 1 779 475 24 927 233 120 4.5	1 153 926 35 13 1 142 347 795 1 153 230 38 667 121 97 4.4	846 663 12 5 842 219 623 846 178 32 442 131 63 5.1	300 252 5 5 294 44 250 300 65 11 167 10 5.3	118 97 6 16 118 28 90 118 6 	9 974 10 126 12 105 11 818 11 411 8 983 15 510 9 974 8 911 7 907 10 274 11 583 10 026	12 619 12 880 15 634 18 816 13 989 10 461 18 131 12 619 11 009 11 051 12 525 17 897 12 288	3 718 2 772 25 9 2 621 1 581 1 040 3 718 1 126 1 120 1 792 283 397 3.8
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 939	3 108	3 453	1 528	1 027	1 674	1 074	728	261	86	9 851	11 992	3 525
CONTRACT RENT  Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$499 \$000 or mare Na cash rent Median	1 104 1 392 3 195 3 123 2 062 736 362 237 69 659 \$207	674 462 800 624 261 53 33 6 7 188	238 471 945 887 442 214 76 18 6 156 \$200	62 196 370 464 237 89 29 29 4 48 \$214	28 95 251 260 243 81 30 8 - 31	20 117 307 446 446 129 54 69 - 86 \$241	58 21 310 228 227 86 46 35 6 57 \$225	18 24 152 146 160 49 73 40 16 50 \$250	6 46 45 46 35 21 14 13 35 \$266	6 14 23 - - 18 17 8 \$246	4 411 6 912 9 120 10 272 13 436 12 870 16 121 17 319 29 297 9 523	6 452 8 334 11 290 11 947 14 080 14 644 17 674 21 781 42 451 13 290	530 435 776 831 500 194 71 36 7 145 \$194
GROSS RENT	75.	503	254	20		10	^	.,			4 100	£ 177	207
Less than \$100 \$104 \$104 \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$250 to \$299 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$449 \$500 or more \$100 or mor	754 838 2 020 2 731 2 648 1 351 863 683 392 659 \$246	521 354 587 733 444 144 55 55 27 188 \$200	154 271 658 835 681 270 200 188 40 156 \$234	30 76 307 342 362 163 99 60 41 48 \$248	17 26 153 186 270 126 140 58 20 31	12 47 194 187 434 332 182 124 76 86 \$291	9 57 65 259 234 165 86 91 51 57 \$272	11 7 39 152 146 107 68 79 69 50 \$294	11 23 67 31 33 28 33 35 \$319		4 133 5 804 8 123 8 520 11 374 14 454 13 884 14 159 17 464 9 523	5 177 7 543 9 270 10 850 12 916 15 009 15 363 15 551 24 156 13 290	397 281 542 733 744 289 166 159 69 145 \$233
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent	1 765 1 491 1 678 1 504 951 1 755 2 962 833 28.7	13 56 147 177 83 262 2 008 362 50+	97 102 309 382 460 1 054 893 156 38.6	93 159 348 397 193 235 55 48 26.8	71 231 211 226 146 105 6 31 24.6	285 409 517 240 44 93  86 21.0	473 359 95 66 18 6 	468 136 51 16 7 - 50 13.0	187 39 - - - 35 10-	78 - - - - - 8 10—	23 177 17 806 12 915 11 215 9 457 7 612 4 011 6 703	25 324 17 715 13 205 11 340 9 972 8 180 4 174 10 374	70 87 145 211 125 432 2 136 319 50+

# Table A=5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimotes bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Baro ore estima	7103 00300 011 0	somple, see init	oddenon. For m	canning or symbol	is, see illifoddci	ion. Tor demini	nis of ferris, se	c oppendixes in	one 5,	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	11 974	1 044	1 224	1 759	1 618	1 282	2 379	1 161	1 020	487	363
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person	1 025 3 034 2 515 3 318 1 467 462 115 38 3.27	221 232 230 212 92 35 15 7 2.80	129 346 254 281 129 63 22 - 3.04	177 481 345 474 235 41 6 - 3.14	110 4564 337 455 194 53 7 6 3.22	82 303 313 388 139 40 2 15 3.32	147 588 513 699 285 104 34 9	80 303 218 302 174 70 14	44 232 234 337 112 45 15 1 3.50	35 93 71 170 107 11 - - 3.76	296 350 365 381 380 399 446 370
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 years and over  Malo householder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  35 to 44 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  55 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  65 years and over  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over	9 670 384 3 210 2 845 2 921 310 1 056 483 239 175 49 1 248 52 402 302 357 135 38.4	641 27 156 134 254 70 151 10 49 38 30 24 252 - 77 41 87 47 44.5	921 300 222 227 383 59 127 11 56 20 33 7 176 - 34 57 58 8 27 43.4	1 379 51 330 417 520 61 156 17 82 38 19 - 224 27 74 51 63 29 40.6	1 355 56 439 430 390 120 5 42 355; 29 9 143 - 51 51 53 25; 33 38.2	1 063 47 381 284 328 95 11 45 21 18 - 124 5 38 30 13	2 005 88 865 572 453 27 179 42 72 39 26 - 195 29 72 41 47 6 35.3	973 24 363 331 237 18 140 5 83 220 9 48 4 27 4 13 36.8	913 40 355 275 231 12 61 9 47 5 - 46 - 17 16 13 36.5	420 21 99 175 125 — 27 7 20 — 40 7 12 — 21 — 21	375 380 408 388 339 271 339 401 364 334 439 316 302 277 238
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	2 453 4 756 2 628 1 698 439	124 228 304 296 92	82 320 310 414 98	146 530 678 321 84	173 664 482 256 43	234 603 269 137 39	552 1 334 295 150 48	431 525 163 30 12	444 420 92 48 16	267 132 35 46 7	487 402 302 272 268
ROOMS  1 to 3 rooms	167 942 2 421 3 060 2 487 2 897 6.3	34 219 362 214 142 73 5.2	8 112 360 376 238 130 5.9	21 200 420 473 330 315 6.0	36 120 321 464 331 346 6.2	15 92 286 351 223 315 6.2	29 110 425 694 512 609 6.4	12 73 147 254 278 397 6.8	12 12 56 187 291 462 7.3	- 4 44 47 142 250 7.6	328 285 311 350 395 438
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to Morch 1980	3 225 2 341 1 441 1 311 1 017 2 639	168 168 103 153 133 319	75 186 173 210 166 414	137 489 277 204 158 494	312 380 212 167 164 383	293 289 171 139 132 258	891 403 236 249 143 457	514 232 113 102 72 128	540 140 100 82 37 121	295 54 56 5 12 65	473 343 340 326 316 312
VALUE Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$99,999 \$150,000 to \$99,999	5 140 312 1 223 2 137 1 970 3 387 1 504 918 378 \$61 000	5 80 135 271 206 140 147 35 19 6 \$41 300	39 59 231 354 195 250 59 37 -	14 46 282 382 327 459 166 60 23 \$53 600	2 46 200 330 315 482 166 66 11	- 5 14 122 292 232 288 203 89 37 \$58 600	- 12 83 472 523 766 297 190 36 \$61 800	- - 21 92 135 467 243 118 85 \$73 400	- - 13 5 87 446 247 149 73 \$78 400	- - - 4 16 82 88 190 107 \$112 400	125 189 218 269 319 352 409 442 499 589
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	3 940 2 311 1 688 1 233 877 1 893 32 19.4	607 151 65 46 47 128 - 13.5	698 183 103 69 8 157 6	945 339 126 107 38 189 15	578 420 248 87 81 199 5	342 312 279 146 88 115 -	468 560 460 367 184 334 6 21.7	145 188 215 197 144 272 - 25.8	111 115 144 170 192 288 -	46 43 48 44 95 211 - 33.3	285 360 405 446 496 452 283
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Heating equipment	11 972 642 5 666 3 611 173 1 880 390 301 89 11 972 3 717 157 4 979 1 901 1 218	1 042 18 346 326 50 302 	1 224 63 531 348 46 236 35 10 25 1 224 46 396 249 152	1 759 99 791 550 12 307 44 24 20 1 759 559 21 676 251 252	1 618 71 768 459 38 282 51 41 10 1 618 523 8 644 252 191	1 282 61 641 388 16 176 11 11 1 282 405 508 239 115	2 379 112 1 135 7777 355 89 73 16 2 379 725 20 1 111 293 2330	1 161 89 587 373 - 112 57 46 11 1 161 329 18 560 174	1 020 97 551 274 5 93 56 49 7 1 020 372 12 440 136 60	487 322 316 1116 6 17 47 47 487 155 11 255 61 5	363 408 381 366 240 317 473 492 299 363 366 334 388 341 319

# Table A -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Data are estimate	s basea on a sam	pie, see introducti	an. Far meaning	or symbols, see I	ntroduction. For	definitions of ferif	s, see appendixes	A dilu oj	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	6 894	318	1 009	1 742	1 594	1 033	810	264	124	106
PERSONS IN UNIT			,							
l person	1 853	167	402	517	381	224	93	45	24	92
2 persons	3 666	90	487	983	865	552	471	148	70	108
3 persons	716	19	70	148	186	112	144	28	9	116
4 persons5 persons	397 153	27 5	35 9	45 28	94 38	117 28	46 38	27	6	124 123
6 persons	91	_	6	21	30	-	12	13	9	115
7 persons	,-	,-	-	-	-	-	<del>,</del>		_	
8 or more persons	18 1.93	10 1.45	1.71	1.86	1.98	2.03	6 2.16	2 2.09	2.04	50—
		.,				2.55				
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	4 487 19	95	526	1 073	1 102	742	66]	194	94	112
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	146	- 6	18	13 34	46	31	10	1	_	93 108
35 to 44 years	290	18	23	28	95	67	52	7	1.5	120 119
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 911 2 121	34 37	158	408 § 590	476 485	311 333	360 233	109 77	55 39	105
Male householder, no wife present	676	88	327 129	172	145	53	66	12	ĭí	93
15 to 24 years	15	-	,5	5	5	-	_	-	-	88
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	87 13	35	12	17	21	_	2	_ [	_	68
45 to 64 years	197	7	22	65 78	32	37	22	6	6 5	104
65 years and over	364 1 731	46	84 <b>354</b>	78 <b>497</b>	87 <b>347</b>	16	42 83	6	5 <b>19</b>	92
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	1 /31	135   7	334	477	347	238 8	- 63	58 _	19	127
25 to 34 years	37	9	13	.=		15	-	- 1	-	105 93 88 68 77 104 92 94 127 68 96
35 to 44 years	46 444	21	40	27 121	14 120	5 68	62	12	-	100
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 189	98	301	349	213	142	21	46	19	89
Median age	66.0	67.4	70.9	67.7	64.8	64.1	61.5	64.5	65.2	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	328	50	33	72	48	41	62	14	8	105
1975 to 1978	905	69	126	208	203	135	109	43	12	106
1970 to 1974	1 117	27 40	189	273	324	138	129 130	34	3	105
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 426 3 118	132	186 475	369 820	352 667	259 460	380	54 l 119	36 65	108 105
ROOMS						_				
1 to 3 rooms	318 1 402	39 143	90 374	104 489	67 188	7 120	11 50	_ 25	13	82
4 rooms5 rooms	1 917	93	321	550	424	285	183	49	12	84 100
6 rooms	1 716	20	146	401	515	374	185	52	23	114
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	832 709	10 13	41 37	147 51	262 138	140 107	144 237	50 88	38 38	121 152
Medion	5.4	4.3	4.6	5.0	5.7	5.8	6.4	6.6	6.9	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
			,,	0.5				0.5	,,	,,,,
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974	464 670	55 31	64 62	85 150	56 242	57 77	98 86	35 13	14	113 110
1960 to 1969	785	19	79	181	233	119	86	52	16	112
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	1 095 772	44 35	119 127	233 227	265 132	195 144	178 58	38 13	23 36	114 100
1939 or earlier	3 108	134	558	866	666	441	304	113	26	100
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000	112	42	13	38	19					76
\$10,000 to \$19,999	368	38	136	106	54	5	27	2	_	77
\$20,000 to \$29,999	740	71	193	285	114	.43	13	21	-	84
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	1 038 1 232	70 31	259 192	344 381	216 310	112 162	36 102	42	12	89 l 101
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1 029	25	111	258	307	211	97	6	14	110
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	1 386 445	17	72 21	279 15	378 115	347 86	207 141	68 61	18 6	121 146
\$100,000 to \$149,999	395	11	12	31	69	54	141	44	33	157
\$150,000 or more	149	13	-	5	12	13	46	19	41	184
Medion	\$49 600	\$31 500	\$36 600	\$42 200	\$52 100	\$57 300	\$73 900	\$77 900	\$116 700	•••
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	3 554 1 390	196	524	922 303	842	499 219	409 198	102 68	60	104 109
15 to 19 percent	665	73 11	196 141	151	329 124	105	70	41	22	106
20 to 24 percent	381	17	54	90	96	49	48	15	22 12	108
25 to 29 percent	240 207	14	42 13	69   83	32 45	44 44	21 11	12 6	6 5	98 104
35 percent or more	403	7	26	101	120	73	53	15	. š	114
Not computed	54		13	23	6			5	, 7	90
Median	10-	10—	10—	10-	10	10.4	10—	12.0	10—	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	6 894	318	1 009	1 742	1 594	1 033	810	264	124	106
Steam or hot water system	502	-	17	58	86	95	126	97 99	23	149
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	3 085 1 640	79 125	218 403	681 476	868 357	606 149	461 89		73 15	116
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnace	228	8	25	128	30	6	22	26 9	_	91
Other means	1 439 <b>295</b>	106	346	399	253	177	112	33 <b>31</b>	13 <b>6</b>	92 127
Air conditioning Central system	188	8	18 7	<b>68</b> 42	<b>49</b> 27	<b>54</b> 42	61 46	18	6	136
1 or more individual room units	107	8	11	26	22	12	15	13		110
House heating fuel	6 894	318	1 009	1 742	1 594	1 033	810	264	1 <b>24</b> 37	106 110
Utility gasBottled, tank, or LP gas	2 311 138	53   13	256 11	586 47	642 15	408 15	264 28	65	9	99
Electricity	2 203	158	464	622	493	198	183	.60	25	94
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	1 701 541	18 76	88 190	391 96	344 100	370 42	300 35	137 :	53	126 76
······	J41	/0	170	70	100	42	- 33	2		<u></u>

## Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		0	wner-occupied	housing units				Re	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
The SMSA	Total	1975 te March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	25 830	5 657	4 212	3 160	5 193	7 608	13 800	2 735	2 198	2 041	3 128	3 698
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 yeors	19 094 537	4 409 278	3 266 64	2 415 31	3 <b>853</b> 64	<b>5 151</b>	<b>4 432</b> 934	931 247	<b>670</b> 162	<b>568</b> 129	1 <b>070</b> 215	1 193 181
25 to 34 years	4 269 4 134	1 617 981	791 955	280 536	728 679	853 983	1 710 731	364 129	229 120	206 64	483 176	428 242
45 to 64 years65 years and over	6 707 3 447	1 207 326	978 478	1 116 452	1 549 833	1 857 1 358	646 411	118 73	88 71	75 <b>9</b> 4	147 49	218 124 <b>1 222</b>
Male householder, no wife present	2 687 240	668 113	<b>342</b> 21	<b>217</b> 33 71	<b>549</b> 33	911	<b>4 127</b> 1 420	<b>864</b> 339	<b>564</b> 210	<b>476</b> 134	1 <b>001</b> 388	349
25 to 34 years	852 407	241 135	138 33	33	201 78	201 128	1 616 417	344 105	184 59	189 70	393 78	506 105
45 to 64 years65 years and over	620 568 <b>4 04</b> 9	115 64 <b>580</b>	111 39 <b>604</b>	56 24 <b>528</b>	89 148 <b>791</b>	249 293 1 <b>546</b>	380 294 5 <b>241</b>	46 30	67 44 9 <b>64</b>	55 28 <b>997</b>	81 61	131 131
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	101 567	32 101	32 134	62	123	37 147	1 679 1 223	9 <b>40</b> 385 250	319 186	244 159	1 <b>057</b> 343 317	1 283 388 311
35 to 44 years	454 1 113	109 212	85 166	89 186	65 224	106 325	391 593	102 84	37 132	63 118	89 132	100 127
65 years and over	1 814 <b>48.6</b>	126 <b>37.9</b>	187 <b>43.3</b>	191 <b>52.4</b>	379 <b>52.8</b>	931 <b>55.8</b>	1 355 30.2	119 <b>28.4</b>	290 31.2	413 <b>34.0</b>	176 29.2	357 31.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
1979 to Morch 1980	4 037 7 931	2 230 3 427	507 1 277	254 645	465 1 156	581 1 426	8 355 3 505	2 195 540	1 293 569	1 061 624	1 977 753	1 829 1 019
1970 to 1974	4 914 4 188	-	2 428	605 1 656	895 1 078 1 599	986 1 454	973 542	_	336	189 167	178 120	270 255 325
1959 or earlier	4 760	~	-	-	1 399	3 161	425	_	-	-	100	323
1 room 2 rooms	128 228	51 67	24 25	23 52	13 41	17 43	515 1 494	50 281	53 273	134 313	81 264	197 363
3 rooms	739 3 649	197 759	103 517	103 388	125 853	211 1 132	2 614 4 174	565 903	488 792	410 698	602 840	549 941
5 rooms6 rooms	5 947 6 128	1 092 1 188	937 1 078	762 743	1 317 1 283	1 839 1 836	2 459 1 364	503 245	358 140	333 49	637 401	628 529
7 or more rooms Median	9 011 5.9	2 303 6.1	1 528 6.0	1 089 5.8	1 561 5.7	2 530 5.8	1 180 4.0	188 4.0	94 3.9	104 3.7	303 4.2	491 4.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	25 656	5 591	4 186	3 148	5 151	7 580	13 445	2 718	2 187	2 021	3 054	3 465
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	17 804 7 410	3 649 1 865	2 600 1 475	2 242 843	3 678 1 391	5 635 1 836	8 652 4 374	1 757 879	1 357 780	1 291 670	1 976 986	2 271 1 059
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	297 145	45 32	91 20	38 25	43 39	80 29	318 101	57 25	33 17	39 21	80 12	109
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	<b>174</b> 71	<b>6</b> 6 12	<b>26</b> 11	<b>12</b> 5	<b>42</b> 37	28 6	<b>355</b> 166	<b>17</b> 7	11	<b>20</b> 5	<b>74</b> 36	<b>233</b> 118
0.51 to 1.00	54 9	27	9	-	5 -	13 9	164 14	5	11	15	33 5	100
PERSONS IN UNIT	40	27	6	7	_	-	11	5	_	-	_	6
l person	4 190 9 394	768 1 794	508 1 362	463 1 277	864 2 038	1 587 2 923	5 194 4 518	882 1 083	849 749	940 635	1 136 937	1 387 1 114
3 persons 4 persons	4 291 4 668	1 071 1 215	626 984	504 592	919 777	1 171 1 100	1 971 1 251	421 224	299 190	269 118	470 390	512 329
5 persons6 or more persons	2 220 1 067	582 227	527 205	200 124	380 215	531 296	486 380	65 60	60 51	46 33	123 72	192 164
Median Totol persons	2.43 72 367	2.75 17 095	2.88 12 976	2.37 8 790	2.35 13 978	2.26 19 528	1.88 30 518	1.95 5 794	1.83 4 573	1.63 4 009	1.96 7 292	1.91 8 850
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detoched or ottoched	22 853 340	4 395 58	3 480 53	2 676 40	4 968 57	7 334 132	5 993 1 132	629 272	521 109	514 170	2 107 234	2 222 347
3 ond 4 5 to 9	223 119	57 7	28 11	14 26	40 23	84 52	1 053 1 099	209 266	216 172	228 188	200 165	200 308
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	298 35 1 962	147 - 993	57 31 552	49 _ 355	45 4 56	- 6	2 690 1 237 596	956 299 104	614 358 208	379 388 174	274 82 66	467 110 44
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	1 702	773	332	333	30	Ů	370	104	200	174	00	
Steam or hat water system	25 813 1 362	5 <b>657</b> 60	<b>4 208</b> 107	3 160 287	5 180 426	7 608 482	13 768 1 361	<b>2 728</b> 18	<b>2 193</b> 192	2 036 198	3 115 326	<b>3 696</b> 627
Centrol warm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	12 164 6 899	2 976 1 987	1 990 1 557	1 348 1 153	2 468 1 037	3 382 1 165	2 919 6 203	480 2 128	525 1 368	406 1 232	630 936	878 539
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnace Other means	477 4 911	12 622	20 534	13 359	139 1 110	293 2 286	248 3 037	8 94	105	12 188	1 107	109 1 543
Air conditioning  Centrol system  1 or more individual room units	1 <b>090</b> 810 280	<b>440</b> 421 19	193 148 45	115 76 39	<b>182</b> 81 101	160 84 76	<b>218</b> 108 110	<b>35</b> 19 16	<b>76</b> 34 42	<b>24</b> 19 5	51 24 27	32 12 20
House heating fuel	25 813 6 743	5 <b>657</b> 829	4 208 1 100	3 160 653	5 180 1 411	7 608 2 750	13 768 3 529	2 <b>728</b>	2 193 278	2 036 341	3 115 1 024	<b>3 696</b> 1 739
Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity	766 10 845	103 4 099	95 2 367	128 1 631	162 1 341	278 1 407	420 7 322	32 2 501	31 1 734	76 1 409	147 1 042	134 636
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	4 781 2 678	108 518	324 322	531 217	1 673 593	2 145 1 028	1 400 1 097	6 42	42 108	137 73	527 375	688 499
Percent below poverty level	<b>2 006</b> 7.8	<b>328</b> 5.8	3 <b>28</b> 7.8	<b>212</b> 6.7	<b>396</b> 7.6	<b>742</b> 9.8	<b>3 720</b> 27.0	<b>685</b> 25.0	51 <b>3</b> 23.3	<b>607</b> 29.7	7 <b>63</b> 24.4	1 <b>152</b> 31.2
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	2 225	289	276	230	483	947	3 269	513	480	629	677	970
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	3 225 1 787	448 332	487 288	360 194	638 280	1 292	3 656 1 595	733 316	654 237	441 252	878 386	950
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	1 691 3 755	347 857	300 640	199 477	325 712	520 1 069	1 076 1 787	190 401	219 245	168 227	247 409	404 252 505
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	4 098 5 014	1 044 1 294	700 889	349 661	830 1 113	1 175 1 057	1 153 846	278 197	159 153	168 84	253 203	295 209
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	2 496 1 539	657 389	391 241	423 267	523 289	502 353	300 118	87 20	34 17	55 17	58 17	66 47
Medion	\$20 281 \$22 893	\$22 489 \$25 625	\$20 846 \$23 158	\$21 852 \$25 734	\$20 971 \$23 008	\$16 722 \$19 458	\$9 962 \$12 610	\$10 961 \$13 210	\$9 690 \$12 350	\$9 352 \$11 438	\$10 058 \$12 179	\$9 565 \$13 331

## Table A=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Owner-occupied h	ousing units			·	Re	nter occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mabile home or trailer, etc.	Total	1 unit, detached or ottached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 ta 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing unitsCondominium housing units	<b>25 830</b> 299	<b>22 853</b> 66	1 <b>015</b> 233	1 962	13 800 169	<b>5 993</b> 38	1 132	1 053	1 099	<b>2 690</b> 125	1 237	596
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	19 094	17 352	544	1 198	4 432	2 837	282	179	223	513	124	274
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	537 4 269	436 3 886 3 852	21 79 102	80 304 180	934 1 710	477 1 211	80 128 19	40 81 11	39 42 33	150 130	34 14 9	114
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	4 134 6 707 3 447	6 117 3 061	263 79	327 307	731 646 411	546 <b>424</b> 179	31 24	13 34	60 49	81 77 75	17 50	32 24
Male householder, no wife present	2 687 240	2 091 142	219	377 89	<b>4 127</b>	1 510 503	395 124	<b>335</b> 108	366 111	<b>970</b> 340	3 <b>68</b> 178	1 <b>83</b> 56
25 to 34 years	852 407	643 315	76 48	133	1 616 417	651 136	182 42	153 45	156 33	332 98	78 31	64 32
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	620 568	514 477	72 14	34 77	380 294	138 82	22 25	29	34 32	129 71	7 74	21 10
Female householder, no husband present	4 049 101	3 410 86	252	3 <b>87</b>	<b>5 241</b> 1 679	1 646 454	<b>455</b> 153	539 174	510 200	1 207 443	<b>745</b> 229	139 26
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	567 454 1 113	481 409 904	26 15 106	60 30 103	1 223 391 593	521 188 191	111 54 50	152 19 68	93 26 56	258 80 139	50 12 63	26 38 12 26
65 years and over	1 814 48.6	1 530 <b>48.4</b>	105 <b>51.7</b>	179 48.6	1 355 <b>30.2</b>	292 31.2	87 <b>28.4</b>	126 <b>29.2</b>	135 <b>30.3</b>	287 <b>29.2</b>	391 <b>39.3</b>	37 28.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	4 037	3 208	252	577	8 355	3 451	738	656	690	1 789	674	
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	7 931 4 914	6 694 4 380	355 144	882 390	3 505 973	1 626 320	288 51	304 64	257 83	562 242	274 183	357 194 30 15
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 188 4 760	3 948 4 623	133 131	107	542 425	238 358	42 13	19 10	56 13	72 25	100 6	15
ROOMS 1 room	128	61	12	55	515	57	. <del></del>	18	69	183	149	39
2 rooms3 rooms	228 739	126 500	13 70	89 169	1 494 2 614	167 512	58 242	156 285	157 395	599 735	347 332	10
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	3 649 5 947 6 128	2 752 5 177 5 691	235 245 148	662 525 289	4 174 2 459 1 364	1 560 1 491 1 118	503 222 87	416 133 27	341 86 34	749 325 71	355 53	250 149 27
7 or more rooms Median	9 011 5.9	8 546 6.0	292 5.2	173 4.5	1 180 4.0	1 088	20 4.0	18 3.7	17 3.3	28 3.3	2.9	8 4.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	25 656	22 747	979	1 930	13 445	5 894	1 116	1 035	1 076	2 542	1 217	565
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	17 804 7 410	15 732 6 679	778 157	1 294 574	8 652 4 374	3 578 2 140	772 323	771 236	748 288	1 713 753	774 433	296
1.01 to 1.50	297 145	250 86	20 24	27 35	318 101	140 36	15 _6	22 _6	36 4	45 31	5	201 55 13
O.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	174 71 54	106 36 43	<b>36</b> 29 7	32 6 4	355 166	<b>99</b> 63	<b>16</b> 16	18 13	23 15 8	148 46	20 13 7	31 - 31
1.01 ta 1.50	9 40	43 9 18	<u>-</u>	22	164 14 11	25 5 6	Ξ	- 5	-	93 9	<u>'</u>	31
BEDROOMS None	134	61	12	61	724	61	6	41	86	303	188	39
1	1 192 7 247	867 5 736	132 457	193 1 054	4 055 5 829	806 2 463	303 684	435 502	585 352	1 316 942	581 461	29 425
3 4	11 795 4 434	10 956 4 242	241 141	598 51	2 209 825	1 749 773	120 19	62 13	64 12	112	7	95 8
5 or more	1 028	991	32	5	158	141	_	-	_	17	-	-
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	2 225 3 225 1 787	1 907 2 720 1 510	93 128	225 377	3 269 3 656 1 595	966 1 352	232 299 154	262 348 155	289 349 159	844 828 268	539 339 101	137
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	1 691 3 755	1 396 3 289	43 72 130	234 223 336	1 076 1 787	676 539 1 015	91 183	57 102	82 102	178 235	73 69	82 56 81
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	4 098 5 014	3 739 4 568	149 204	210 242	1 153 846	614 554	106 47	68 27	47 45	181 106	59 49	56 81 78 18
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or mare	2 496 1 539	2 329 1 395	93 103	74 41	300 118	212 65	20	10 24	6 20	41 9	8	3 -
Median	\$20 281 \$22 893	\$20 815 \$23 372	\$21 092 \$24 890	\$14 126 \$16 286	\$9 962 \$12 610	\$12 512 \$15 324	\$10 568 \$12 026	\$8 703 \$11 328	\$8 505 \$10 970	\$7 624 \$10 168	\$5 956 \$8 406	\$10 610 \$11 465
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Heating equipment Steam or hat water system	25 813	22 851	1 015	1 947	13 768	5 984	1 132	1 053	1 092	2 690	1 236	581
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	1 362 12 164 6 899	1 284 10 447 6 172	71 335 409	1 382 318	1 361 2 919 6 203	112 1 805 1 774	33 149 634	77 122 644	176 150 608	455 230 1 841	508 71 631	392 71
Flaor, wall, ar pipeless furnace	477 4 911	449 4 499	19 181	231	248 3 037	160 2 133	30 286	8 202	14 144	16 148	26	20 98
Air conditioning Central system	<b>1 090</b> 810	<b>877</b> 676	<b>58</b> 38	1 <b>55</b> 96	<b>218</b> 108	<b>63</b> 22	1 <b>4</b> 6	<b>23</b> 16	1 -	<b>36</b> 18	<b>42</b> 18	39 28
Vehicles available	24 828 6 506	21 991 5 452	982 345	1 <b>855</b> 709	11 557 6 241	5 550 2 327	<b>988</b> 533	860 582	<b>817</b> 627	2 017 1 337	<b>762</b> 527	<b>563</b> 308
2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas	18 322 <b>25 813</b> 6 743	16 539 <b>22 851</b> 6 515	637 1 015 188	1 146 1 <b>947</b> 40	5 316 <b>13 768</b> 3 529	3 223 <b>5 984</b> 1 771	455 <b>1 132</b> 312	278 1 <b>053</b> 266	190 1 <b>092</b> 275	680 2 690 428	235 1 236 410	255 <b>581</b> 67
Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity	766 10 845	563 8 682	37 569	166 1 594	420 7 322	212 2 144	14 690	34 688	41 686	46 2 019	18 679	55 416
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	4 781 2 678	4 614 2 477	130 91	37 110	1 400 1 097	1 014 843	61 55	62 3	65 25	125 72	60 69	13 30
Water heating fuel	<b>25 735</b> 2 940	22 790 2 833	1 <b>015</b> 75	1 <b>930</b> 32	13 718 1 936	<b>5 949</b> 660	1 132 139	1 <b>053</b> 167	1 <b>099</b> 177	2 684 332	1 236 413	<b>565</b> 48
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	351 22 211	229 19 502	8 925	114 1 784	284 11 166	153 5 064	985	11 869	14 856	41 2 224	29 691 39	36 477 4
Fuel ail, kerosene, etc. Other Family householder	159 74 <b>20</b> 8 <b>97</b>	159 67 <b>18 951</b>	7 621	1 325	196 136 <b>6 161</b>	32 40 <b>3 645</b>	8  <b>466</b>	6 - <b>361</b>	45 7 <b>304</b>	62 25 <b>824</b>	64 213	348
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	10 325 4 109	9 526 3 731	248 75	551 303	3 513 2 120	2 201 1 281	243 133	170 105	127 70	443 289	62 31	267 211
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	1 <b>296</b> 763	1 143 690	61 34	<b>92</b> 39	1 322 953	<b>563</b> 445	134 100	170 109	<b>79</b> 34	<b>261</b> 194	<b>56</b> 25	<b>59</b> 46
With own children under 6 years	191 <b>4 933</b>	176 <b>3 902</b>	394	15 <b>637</b>	450 <b>7 639</b>	172 2 348	38 <b>666</b>	66 <b>692</b>	16 <b>795</b>	1 22 1 866	1 <b>024</b>	26 <b>248</b>
Income in 1979 below poverty level	<b>2 006</b> 7.8	1 <b>725</b> 7.5	<b>96</b> 9.5	<b>185</b> 9.4	<b>3 720</b> 27.0	1 381 23.0	<b>320</b> 28.3	235 22.3	<b>294</b> 26.8	<b>853</b> 31.7	<b>494</b> 39.9	1 <b>43</b> 24.0

## Table A -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(DOIG GIE ESIMIG	ies bosed on o s	ompie, see iiiii	dauction. For me	uning or symbols,	see initiodoction	i. Tor deminior	13 01 1611113, 360	appendixes A	d D]	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	<b>25 830</b> 1 194	4 190 -	<b>9 394</b> 637	<b>4 291</b> 218	<b>4 668</b> 143	<b>2 220</b> 92	<b>721</b> 54	<b>236</b> 21	11 <b>0</b> 29	<b>2.43</b> 2.44	<b>72 367</b> 3 648
1 to 3 rooms	1 095 3 649 5 947 6 128 4 264 4 747 5.9	487 1 215 1 217 708 386 177 4.8	437 1 694 2 772 2 284 1 232 975 5.4	90 454 790 1 176 831 950 6.2	32 8 206 746 1 294 1 052 1 338 6.6	36 62 272 483 524 843 7.0	6 18 84 131 179 303 7.2	7 40 31 53 105 7.3	- 26 21 7 56 7.5	1.64 1.86 2.13 2.56 3.12 3.70	2 051 7 196 14 409 17 321 13 765 17 625
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	25 656 25 214 297 145 174 125 9	4 121 4 121 - 69 69	9 340 9 312 28 54 32 - 22	4 263 4 217 22 24 28 19	4 654 4 631 17 6 14 5 - 9	2 211 2 122 53 36 9	<b>721</b> 613 102 6 -	236 158 71 7 -	110 40 32 38 	2.43 2.41 6.05 4.90 1.83 1.41 5.00 2.41	72 031 69 550 1 832 649 336 212 34 90
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or ottoched 2 or more  Mobile home or troiler, etc.	22 853 1 015 1 962	3 367 321 502	8 232 326 836	3 848 184 259	4 391 66 211	2 032 59 129	674 35 12	211 12 13	98 12 -	2.48 2.07 2.07	65 040 2 505 4 822
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units  Less than \$10,000. \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	18 868 117 508 1 052 2 261 3 369 2 999 4 773 1 949 1 313 527 \$56 200	2 878 66 260 348 573 480 356 539 121 96 39 \$44 400	6 700 28 170 469 824 1 356 1 109 1 496 571 481 196 \$53 500	3 231 8 26 140 416 563 558 776 456 208 80 \$58 000	3 715 15 20 49 286 614 604 1 183 487 318 139 \$64 300	1 620 24 37 84 279 244 510 225 161 56 \$66 500	553 - 6 9 50 50 110 194 75 42 17 \$63 300	115 - - 13 14 10 57 14 7	56 - 2 - 15 13 8 18 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2.48 1.39 1.48 1.88 2.18 2.39 2.56 2.95 3.12 2.88 2.88	52 842 175 922 1 963 5 322 9 101 8 693 14 643 6 159 4 198 1 666
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income	<b>25 830</b> \$20 281	<b>4 190</b> \$8 277	<b>9 394</b> \$18 567	<b>4 291</b> \$23 375	<b>4 668</b> \$24 664	2 220 \$26 183	<b>721</b> \$27 061	<b>236</b> \$25 938	110 \$24 527	2.43	72 367
Medion selected monthly owner costs os percentoge of household income	15.9 19.4 10— <b>2 006</b> \$3 391	20.2 28.6 16.9 7 <b>95</b> \$2 731	13.4 19.7 10— <b>526</b> \$3 355	16.3 19.0 10— 175 \$4 458	17.3 18.5 10— <b>291</b> \$4 939	17.1 18.2 10— <b>144</b> \$5 904	16.9 18.8 10— <b>37</b> \$7 687	13.8 13.8 - <b>22</b> \$6 833	10.8 13.8 10— <b>16</b> \$11 250	1.90	
Median selected monthly owner costs os percentage of household income	47.0 50 + 32.9	44.1 50+ 40.3	34.8 50+ 25.1	50+ 50+ 34.5	50 + 50 + 28.6	47.3 47.7 14.6	39.0 39.0 -	45.0 45.0 -	22.5 - 22.5	 	
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	13 800 2 783	5 194 -	<b>4 518</b> 1 770	1 <b>971</b> 610	1 <b>251</b> 273	<b>486</b> 74	<b>265</b> 30	<b>71</b> 17	<b>44</b> 9	1.88 2.29	<b>30 518</b> 7 339
ROOMS	515 1 494 2 614 4 174 2 459 1 364 1 180 4.0	454 1 073 1 592 1 250 609 180 36 3.2	57 310 763 1 953 839 372 224 4.1	92 182 621 517 295 264 4.7	4 19 63 259 333 322 251 5.3	- 8 56 94 110 218 6.3	- 6 29 41 72 117 6.3	- - 6 14 13 38 6.6	- - - 12 - 32 7.1	1.07 1.20 1.32 1.93 2.24 2.94 3.76	593 2 080 3 957 8 550 6 306 4 319 4 713
PUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	13 445 13 026 318 101 355 330 14 11	4 951 4 951 	4 463 4 406 - 57 55 55 - -	1 942 1 859 83 - 29 20 9	1 230 1 154 58 18 21 11 5	486 422 56 8 - - -	265 189 70 6 - - -	64 37 27 -7 1 1 -6	44 8 24 12 -	1.90 1.85 4.82 2.39 1.23 1.18 3.28 6.58	29 908 27 863 1 671 374 610 505 44 61
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched 2	5 993 1 132 1 053 1 099 2 690 1 237 596	1 366 366 528 604 1 416 698 216	1 951 498 367 320 850 410	1 131 158 73 101 301 91	846 95 60 45 87 32 86	378 15 23 17 29 5	223 - 2 12 7 - 21	61 - - - 1 9	37 - - - - 7	2.34 1.90 1.50 1.41 1.45 1.39 2.17	16 612 2 260 1 876 1 904 4 442 1 951 1 473
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 939 754 838 2 020 2 731 2 648 1 351 863 683 392 659 \$246	4 978 627 544 1 209 1 308 639 203 71 95 33 249 \$200	4 298 73 227 543 898 1 257 581 320 140 58 201 \$261	1 832 22 26 195 355 416 265 212 148 74 119 \$278	1 111 32 24 64 118 219 202 133 161 115 43 \$319	396 - 10 2 42 74 51 58 70 57 32 \$353	220 - - 7 8 25 49 46 49 28 8 8	60 - - 2 9 - 18 11 20 - \$409	44 - 7 9 - 5 9 7 7 7 8375	1.85 1.10 1.27 1.34 1.56 2.04 2.31 2.69 3.22 3.77 1.90	27 672 910 1 222 3 141 5 006 6 072 3 627 2 544 2 330 1 332 1 488
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income	13 800 \$9 962 28.7 3 720 \$3 869 50+	5 194 \$6 344 31.1 1 422 \$2 695 50+	4 518 \$11 330 27.2 1 110 \$4 188 50+	1 971 \$12 237 29.1 576 \$5 675 50+	1 251 \$15 254 27.2 402 \$6 040 50+	486 \$17 083 25.4 85 \$6 571 48.5	265 \$17 314 29.7 81 \$7 284 50+	71 \$16 442 29.7 30 \$8 269 50+	\$27 857 15.5 14 \$13 571 15.0	1.88  1.89 	30 518  

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

(Dota are estimates based on o sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B)

	65 yeors Median age	1 814 48.6	1 481 272 43 43 18 18	2	22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	2 148 1 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 148  1 772 1 782 1 1335 1 1355 1 13	2 148  1 272  1 333  2 148  1 348  1	2 148 2 1 252 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
emole householder, no husband present	to 44 45 to 64 years	454 1 113	65 726 95 228 144 82 80 42 51 22 19 10 2.97 1.27	448 1 108 18 19 6 5		348 801 302 357 302 357 31 228 35 20 44 40 174 170 39 8 44 44 44 27 3 46 474 27 3 47 47 47 3 47 47 47 3 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 4			~ -
Femole householder	25 to 34 35 yeors	295	192 155 159 49 12 1209 1 238	548		433 502 503 503 503 503 503 503 503 503	-	2	- 2
	yeors 15 to 24 d over years	101 895	468 49 74 33 20 10 6 8 8 1.11 6.73 188	562 101 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		493 674 499 675 6 122 6 122 6 123 704 704 874 874 874 874 874 874 874 874 874 87		3	3
e present	45 to 64 65 y years and	620	440 106 27 27 22 1.20 945	19 6 6		22. 88. 89. 89. 89. 89. 89. 89. 89. 89. 89	37. 37. 37. 37. 37. 37. 37. 37.	33.8 8.8 8.8 8.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9	372 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 374 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375
Male householder, no wife	to 34 35 to 44 years years	852 407	504 187 242 104 30 11 6 16 1.35 1.66 326 800	795 407 7 6 57 6 13 –		162 88 239 239 239 239 239 239 239 239 239 239			
Mal	15 to 24 25 ty years	240	78 138 24 24 1.80 1.80	232 12 8 -		5,5 5,5 5,7 7,7 1,7 1,7 1,7 1,7 1,7 1,7 1,7 1,7 1	_	2	<b>-</b> 2
	65 years and over	3 447	3 074 246 246 91 27 2 9 2 06 7 300	8 44 9 5 1	7	2 11.1 2 21.1 - 2 21.	8	и	8
le fomilies	to 44 45 to 64 years years	134 6 707	213 3 373 654 1 549 709 1 054 017 470 624 257 624 19 557	134 6 691 142 80 - 16 - 6	44-	3358 277 277 210 277 210 229 14.4 242 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 242 14.4 24.4 2		<del>-</del> -	
Married-couple	25 to 34 35 to years ye	4 269 4	966 1 067 1 463 1 463 254 219 3.57 15 592	4 255 146 14 14	m et -	22, 4 22, 24, 24, 25, 24, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25		8	2
	15 to 24 years	537	320 117 117 80 19 19 1 2.34	530 3 7	403 384 384 93 93 55			.,	.,, ,
	Totol	25 830	4 190 9 394 4 291 4 668 2 2 207 1 067 72 367	25 656 442 174 49	18 868 11 974 3 940 2 311 1 688	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 1 200 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1 251
		Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Median Totol persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	INCOME IN 1979  Specified owner-accupied housing units  With a mangage  Less than 15 percent  15 to 19 percent  20 to 24 percent  23 to 29 percent  33 to 34 percent	20c	As percent of more Not computed Medion	cent coupled housing units	Not computed Not morning Month

# Table A -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

			,	Mole hous						Female hou			
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	4 190	1 677	78	504	187	440	468	2 513	49	192	65	726	1 481
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 121 69	1 646 31	74 4	483 21	187 _	440 _	462 6	2 475 38	49 -	178 14	59 6	721 5	1 468 13
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or othoched  2 or more  Mobile home or troiler, etc	3 367 321 502	1 285 146 246	48 - 30	359 41 104	132 32 23	351 59 30	395 14 59	2 082 175 256	42 - 7	144 12 36	53 8 4	601 77 48	1 242 78 161
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or \$49,999	1 400 1 003 476 235 414 323 181 78 80 \$8 277 \$11 288	434 286 200 103 237 185 145 51 36 \$11 481 \$13 903	15 16 19 18 5 - 5 - - \$11 053 \$10 554	74 46 86 31 131 53 55 19 9 \$15 625 \$16 161	18 37 11 6 33 49 15 11 7 \$18 935 \$17 841	75 73 60 23 52 78 53 21 5 \$13 804 \$16 032	252 114 24 25 16 5 17 - 15 \$4 793 \$8 453	966 717 276 132 177 138 36 27 44 \$6 853 \$9 543	12 23 14 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 56 736 \$4 59 59	48 48 22 25 19 24 6 - \$10 000 \$10 609	7 13 7 - 23 15 - - - \$16 964 \$14 474	105 213 120 43 104 77 20 14 30 \$10 938 \$14 064	794 420 113 64 31 22 10 13 14 \$4 791 \$7 073
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage	2 878 1 025	1 060 544	42 27	305 272	97 90	264 114	352 41	1 818 481	27 12	118 102	46 36	539 219	1 088 112
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion Not mortgoged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Medion	221 129 1177 1100 82 147 80 44 35 \$296 1 853 167 402 402 407 402 407 407 408 407 408 408 408 408 408 408 408 408 408 408	104 82 67 59 44 78 72 31 7 \$316 516 517 104 114 122 53 49 6 11 \$96	10 11 	43 264 20 22 43 31 7 \$332 33 10 7 7 7 9 —	29 12 12 12 6 6 24 7 7 7 7 \$888	6 26 13 18 12 26 13  \$333 150 7 15 48 25 37 12 - 6 \$105	16 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	117 47 110 51 38 69 8 13 28 \$\$285 1337 1110 298 403 259 177 44 399 13 \$\$91	5 5 - \$293 15 7 - - 8 8 - - - \$315	25 3 18 18 24 - 7 7 7 \$314 16 9 7 	22 7 22 7    \$275 10  - 10  - 10  - - - - - - - - -	53 16 43 13 25 53 4 8 6 21 \$297 320 100 35 100 89 43 31 12 _	39 21 20 13 3 13 3 6 \$240 976 293 170 120 13 27 13 \$88
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly awner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	<b>20.2</b> 28.6 16.9 <b>79</b> 5 19.0	20.3 26.5 14.7 260 15.5	27.5 27.5 20.0 10 12.8	23.2 24.6 10— 74 14.7	30.4 28.6 32.5 18 9.6	19.0 24.7 10— 57 13.0	18.0 46.8 16.3 101 21.6	<b>20.2</b> 31.3 17.6 <b>535</b> 21.3	19.1 50+ 15.3 12 24.5	29.0 30.7 22.5 48 25.0	25.0 28.6 10— 7 10.8	18.0 27.6 14.7 84 11.6	21.2 50+ 19.5 384 25.9
Renter-occupied housing units	5 194	2 389	564	989	291	<b>26</b> 5	280	2 805	533	546	98	369	1 259
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 951 243	2 189 200	534 30	914 75	263 28	234 31	244 36	2 762 43	520 13	528 18	98	369	1 247 12
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched	1 366 366 528 604 1 416 698 216	672 196 238 286 657 198 142	167 32 54 69 149 45 48	304 105 124 122 244 53 37	50 21 45 29 89 31 26	72 13 15 34 110 —	79 25 - 32 65 69 10	694 170 290 318 759 500 74	117 32 69 78 188 40	197 21 86 54 137 30 21	19 6 6 20 40 7	98 24 32 44 113 44 14	263 87 97 122 281 379 30
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5 000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$24,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999.	2 104 1 520 548 262 376 267 84 23	679 644 322 163 242 240 72 17	186 175 79 27 73 18 6	204 274 169 86 118 78 49	37 38 20 50 19 108 13 6	111 72 16 - 21 31 4 -	141 85 38 - 11 5 -	1 425 876 226 99 134 27 12	241 212 54 13 6 7 -	158 180 82 45 75 	31 50 6  11  -	172 82 38 28 24 13 6	823 352 46 13 18 7 - -
Medion Meon	\$6 344 \$8 189	\$8 974 \$10 453	\$8 045 \$8 507	\$10 244 \$11 266	\$15 066 \$15 490	\$7 705 \$10 458	\$4 976 \$6 264	\$4 944 \$6 261	\$5 514 \$5 867	\$8 088 \$8 612	\$6 286 \$6 597	\$5 845 \$8 129	\$4 292 \$4 834
GROSS RENT  Specified renter-occupied housing units	4 978 627 544 1 209 1 308 639 203 71 95 33 249 \$200	2 278 205 253 600 613 256 132 29 58 4 128 \$201	544 37 50 175 199 36 13 - 6 - 28 \$199	933 40 96 255 226 148 58 19 46 41 \$211	286 11 19 79 90 26 43 8 - 10 \$214	258 52 45 45 57 40 7 - - 12 \$173	257 65 43 46 41 6 11 2 6 37 \$163	2 700 422 291 609 695 383 71 42 37 29 121 \$198	523 5 63 184 193 59 - 10 9 - \$203	533 27 76 150 142 90 22 13 - 8 5 \$203	98 	355 29 45 60 98 69 6 11 14  23 \$222	1 191 361 107 176 228 152 31 18 13 12 93 \$170
Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	31.1 1 422 27.4	<b>25.6</b> <b>476</b> 19.9	30.4 143 25.4	25.6 135 13.7	16.2 28 9.6	<b>25.8</b> <b>79</b> 29.8	30.7 91 32.5	37.2 946 33.7	<b>45.8</b> <b>195</b> 36.6	30.3 119 21.8	50 + 24 24.5	30.8 153 41.5	<b>40.3</b> <b>455</b> 36.1

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Intraduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 ar mare manths	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 manths	2 up to 6 manths	6 or mare manths
Vacant for sale only housing units	460	123	199	138	Vacant far rent housing units	1 115	842	209	64
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	21 90 153 67 41 88 5.3	43 38 20 7 15 5.0	4 29 71 34 13 48 5.4	17 18 44 13 21 25 5.3	1 raom	71 112 344 323 160 71 34 3.6	49 89 292 237 93 57 25 3.5	22 20 30 60 55 14 8 4.0	- 3 22 26 12 - 1 3.8
PLUMBING FACILITIES	440	100	199	138	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Camplete plumbing far exclusive use Lacking camplete plumbing far exclusive use	460 -	123	199	138	Camplete plumbing for exclusive use	1 055	791	200	64
BEDROOMS					Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	60	51	9	-
None	6 27 152 187 47 41	- 39 68 7 9	- 9 76 76 13 25	6 18 37 43 27 7	BEDROOMS  None	97 425 456 89 45	72 337 355 43 32	22 65 75 40 7	3 23 26 6 6
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or mare	3	3	_	-
1975 ta March 1980	243 59 28 28 12 90	85 9 11 4 - 14	98 32 - 24 6 39	60 18 17 - 6 37	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to March 1980  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1950 to 1959  1940 to 1949	374 153 66 93 184	334 131 35 39 133	32 16 31 50 34	8 6 - 4 17
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	346	101	136	109	1939 ar earlier	245	170	46	29
1, detached ar attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	97 17	5 17	63	29	UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached ar attached  2	358 50	244 30	96 14	18
H-ATING EQUIPMENT  Central heating system Other means Nane	408 52 -	105 18 -	185 14 -	118 20 -	3 and 4	83 98 351 135 40	30 49 57 302 122 38	25 22 37 13 2	9 19 12 - -
PRICE ASKED	200				RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant far sale only hausing units	303 - 8 8 32 38 35 123 32 32 35 \$64 800	93 - - 17 10 - 44 16 6 \$64 100	122   -   8   6   17   22   44   9   16   \$68   100	88 - - 9 11 13 35 7 13 \$63 400	\$pecified vacant far rent housing units	1 083 107 107 303 310 177 79 - \$204	826 88 71 220 262 128 57 - \$207	203 13 20 65 42 41 22 - \$203	54 6 16 18 6 8 - - \$178

# Table A -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Price asked	- Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	ising units	Rent asked—Specified vacant far rent housing units							
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 ar mare	Median (dallars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 ta \$399	\$400 or mare	Median (dollars)
Total	303	-	8	70	190	35	64 800	1 083	107	410	487	79	-	204
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Camplete plumbing far exclusive use Locking camplete plumbing far exclusiv <b>e</b> use	303	_	8 -	70 -	190	35	64 800 -	1 023 60	74 33	386 24	484 3	79 -	Ξ	209 97
BEDROOMS														
None	- 9 73 142 47 32	- - - -	- 8 - -	20 35 15	9 29 101 19 32	- 16 6 13	85 000 60 300 62 300 71 300 77 500	97 425 435 83 40 3	36 47 12 7 5	43 195 129 29 14	18 177 267 21 1 3	- 6 27 26 20 -	-	127 185 237 220 300 288
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to March 1980	141 39 11 28 6 78	- - - - -	- - 2 - 6	13 - 5 17 6 29	128 20 - 9 - 33	19 6 - 10	68 600 89 400 127 100 42 700 47 500 51 500	374 147 66 88 168 240	45 13 - - 17 32	117 25 47 45 45 131	195 91 19 36 88 58	17 18 - 7 18 19	=	216 235 186 199 210 165
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached ar ottached 2 ar more Mabile home ar trailer	303		 	70 	190 	35 	64 800 	326 717 40	24 83 —	90 286 34	137 348 2	75 - 4	=	236 195 183

# Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Doto ore estimat	es bosed on	o somple, see	Introduction	. For meanin	g of symbols,	see Introduc	tion. For det	initions of ter	ms, see oppen	dixes A and B		
Bellingham city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or mare	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollars)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	8 594	48	275	531	1 311	1 565	1 368	1 901	864	502	229	53 200	61 000
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, na wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, na husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	6 047 1 47 1 332 1 229 2 097 1 242 850 34 273 122 172 249 1 697 40 238 160 427 832 51.3	16	82 2 2 3 3 3 3 5 5 1 6 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	218 14 16 13 3 5 120 93 3 10 16 4 220 19 20 51 130 67.2	733 31 199 746 243 203 30 36 6 6 375 5 99 255 599 187 54.8	1 024 48 283 136 : 294 : 263 212 : - 83 : 46 : 29 : 10 : 57 : 32 : 91 : 139 : 50.1	973 42 267 208 288 170 124 18 51 10 27 18 271 25 35 25 94 92 45.4	1 589 10 314 424 618 223 74 7 7 238 	762 1555 2299 3117 611 53 244 114 419 23 26 44.5	454 	196 - 15 50 77 54 16 - 5 5 17 - 5 6 6 6 5 5 8	59 700 45 300 55 000 68 100 46 700 42 800 42 800 41 700 42 800 41 700 42 800 42 800 42 800 42 800 42 800 43 100 49 300 49 300 39 000 40 200 40 300 40	66 800 45 100 62 600 74 700 71 900 57 300 48 500 53 400 57 000 44 800 49 400 49 400 46 500 50 400 46 800 57 800 42 800 42 800
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	1 257 2 198 1 479 1 535 2 125	8 7 7 - 26	5 34 37 75 124	32 82 116 74 227	218 287 218 186 402	217 509 226 232 381	243 327 193 231 374	278 470 379 382 392	111 309 175 172 97	105 116 78 146 57	40 57 50 37 45	54 600 54 200 57 300 57 700 46 700	66 000 62 800 62 400 65 000 52 200
ROOMS  1 to 3 rooms	166 1 270 1 893 2 059 1 416 1 790 6.0	31 	17 116 110 27 5 - 4.5	39 225 151 76 26 14 4.5	31 413 388 330 92 57 5.0	28 359 447 428 214 89 5.4	110 389 412 267 190 5.9	13 29 309 590 471 489 6.5	7 18 34 116 211 478 7.7	- 49 50 86 317 8.2	- 5 24 44 156 8.5+	28 900 37 300 46 400 53 000 63 700 82 300	32 000 37 200 48 000 57 100 69 700 91 700
BEDROOMS None	13 338 2 485 3 859 1 482 417	13 11 18 6 -	38 199 35 3 3 -	73 279 127 52 -	- 90 702 391 116 12	65 621 683 177 19	29 306 788 205 40	13 237 1 118 410 123	- 19 61 447 274 63	- 42 179 171 110	- 20 85 74 50	10000— 35 300 40 600 58 300 68 800 85 600	7 500 37 500 43 900 64 100 76 600 98 900
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 127 722 817 1 198 971 3 759	15 - - 7 26	12  17 14 40 192	7 13 9 48 95 359	16 20 42 141 273 819	115 86 107 197 209 851	145 125 87 192 144 675	350 235 260 344 140 572	268 163 159 145 33 96	154 43 90 81 17 117	60 22 46 36 13 52	76 500 67 000 68 900 60 300 43 100 45 000	83 400 70 900 79 100 67 300 47 900 49 700
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medin Medin	826 1 071 618 499 1 208 1 324 1 557 900 591 \$20 305 \$23 265	19 24 - - 5 5 - - \$5 962 \$7 269	114 62 24 29 26 12 2 6 1 - \$6 277 \$9 108	159 183 40 7 71 31 19 21 - \$6 915 \$10 306	252 245 125 136 203 186 115 49 \$13 116 \$14 419	132 224 137 121 285 319 242 94 11 \$17 963 \$18 175	55 127 157 69 259 274 287 99 41 \$20 340 \$21 465	73 140 90 78 260 322 545 259 134 \$24 842 \$26 165	7 38 25 43 57 118 237 186 153 \$30 609 \$35 170	10 15 14 16 29 48 73 148 149 \$38 333 \$46 549	5 13 6 - 18 9 37 38 103 \$45 820 \$49 804	35 400 40 900 48 200 47 000 50 500 53 300 63 200 74 900 94 900	37 600 45 400 51 100 52 000 54 800 58 200 68 100 79 200 111 800
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or 30 to 34 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	5 211 1 832 932 729 4455 366 861 26 19.1 3 383 1 625 656 418 205 139 104 218 18	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	42	129 33 19 6 14 19 38 27.3 402 125 77 57 77 57 29 38 15 48 13 14.5	683 226 124 102 57 27 132 15,4 628 235 97,113 159,26 23,75 24,75 25,75 26,75 27,75 28,75 28,75 29,75 20,75 2	937 239 212 1990 82 60 149 5 20.4 628 297 130 99 941 5 30 30 26	851 230 160 110 126 54 171 - - 21.6 517 324 104 49 116 6 5 13 -	1 324 577 192 155 112 79 203 6 17.1 577 378 89 40 0 25 26 5	713 303 1116 114 48 51 81 	373 147 699 35 26 44 52 	159 77 19 6 - 32 25 - 15.7 70 47 10 6 - 7 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -	59 400 65 400 53 900 54 700 64 300 54 300 34 300 45 800 45 900 45 900 41 500 31 600 35 400 29 200	67 100 72 400 63 600 61 300 79 400 63 100 64 600 55 500 48 300 49 000 40 300 44 800 35 400 36 100 39 500
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearing equipment Centrol hearing system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	8 594 53 - 8 594 7 179 202 128 631 7.3	48 5 - 48 17 11 22.9	275 - - 275 150 2 - 64 23.3	531   531 329 7  129 24.3	1 311 14 - 1 311 839 24 10 184 14.0	1 565 19 - 1 565 1 317 32 25 117 7.5	1 368 - - 1 368 1 209 23 11 62 4.5	1 901 15 - 1 901 1 781 49 22 36 1.9	864 864 840 18 13 6 0.7	502  502 486 31 31 10 2.0	229 - - 229 211 16 16 12 5.2	53 200 45 200 	61 000 46 100 61 000 64 600 77 000 90 500 40 500

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Doto ore estimot	res dasea on o	somple, see ii	irroduction. Fo	or meoning of	symbols, see il	ntroduction. F	or definitions o	r terms, see o	ppendixes A an	a 6j	
Bellingham city	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	8 360	564	548	1 321	1 800	1 838	855	569	412	225	228	246
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	1 908	00	0.5	200	410	447	215	105	1/2	104	0.4	200
Married-couple families	437	23	95 14	222 66	<b>218</b> 91	447 133	315 52	195 44	163 17	136 14	<b>94</b> 6	289 269
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	713 307	11	29	99 12	83 24	150 68	109 68	100 37	79 41	44 41	20 5	295 326
45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over	246 205	12	52	28 17	7 13	52 44	54 32	14	26	26 11	39 24	315
Male householder, no wife present	<b>2 754</b> 1 073	1 <b>76</b> 47	198 14	<b>541</b> 185	6 <b>54</b> 269	559 220	224 109	187	121	33 33	61 15	326 315 238 233 255 233 232 196
15 to 24 years	1 018	22	99	213	257	249	55	106 62	75 35	-	26	233
35 to 44 years	257 204	6 31	13 33	65 40	67 37	46 38	36 15	19	5 ~	_	10	232 196
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	202 3 698	70 <b>365</b>	39 <b>255</b>	38 <b>558</b>	24 <b>928</b>	832	9 316	187	6 128	_ 56	10 <b>73</b>	126 <b>235</b>
15 to 24 years	1 347 840	11 22	84 68	186 151	389 221	382 211	120 91	68 47	82 29	25	~	250 241
25 to 34 years	247	9	-	40	71	38	60	24	-	5		258
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	344 920	318	35 68	65 116	73 174	93 108	39	37 11	11 6	9 17	10 63	242 167
Median age	29.1	72.3	32.0	28.8	27.0	27.1	29.8	27.8	28.6	34.5	55.0	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	5 270	168	271	782	1 162	1 288	573	454	352	175	45	259
1975 to 1978	1 930 647	101 181	152	400 89	458 100	382 113	209	90 11	39 7	41	58 19	233 187
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	335	100	65 37	50	37	33	53 20	6	14	~	38	155
1959 or eorlier	178	14	23	-	43	22	_	8	_	-	68	217
ROOMS 1 room	419	183	71	85	41	7	11	13	8	_	_	115
2 rooms3 rooms	1 113 1 772	219 111	164 187	379 425	220 707	66 245	35 47	7 17	- 9	12	11 24	182 211
4 rooms	2 682 1 323	26	79	306	574	1 003 397	408	146	37	12	91	265
5 rooms6 rooms	576	14	23 14	67 46	211 27	75	201 88	215 106	117 139	35 53	57 14	265 293 358
7 or more rooms	475 3.8	11 2.0	10 2.7	13 3.0	20 3.4	45 4.1	65 4.3	65 5.0	102 5.8	113 6.5	31 4.4	395
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM		i										
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979	8 360	564	548	1 321	1 800	1 838	855	569	412	225	228	246
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	8 118	477	470	1 300	1 783	1 827	842	565	412	219	223 173	248
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	5 410 2 514	292 180	340 130	939 316	1 337 396	1 211 588	511 298	294 247	231 172	82 137	173 50	240 267
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	150 44	5	_	39 6	40 10	28	23 10	11 13	9	-	-	246 305
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	242 126	87 30	78 53	21 12	17 11	11 11	13 5	4	-	6	5	120 130
0.51 to 1.00	96	57	53 25	-	6	<u>'</u> -	8	-	-	-	-	90
1.01 to 1.50	11	-	_	9	_	_	_	=	_	6	- 5	155 500+
Income in 1979 below poverty level	2 613	316	189	386	555	570	226	116	134	48	73	236
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	2 487 93	266	155	370 20	549 18	.564 8	218 25	116 13	134 9	42	73 -	239 301
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	126   15	50	34	16 9	6	6 -	8 -	-	_	6	-	125 158
BEDROOMS												
None1	599 2 939	193 318	136 284	167 854	59 971	7 332	11 95	13 7	8 25	18	5 35	140 200
2 3	3 565 853	42	104	244 37	721 29	1 327 127	559 151	286 203	101 182	45 90	136 34	273 366
4	321	11	14	19	20	39	39	46	87	28	18	360 500+
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	83	-	10	-	_	٥	_	14	9	44	_	500+
1, detoched or attoched	2 798	40	109	268	436	495	409	372	333	166	170	297
2 3 ond 4	794 698	7	35   85	105 205	201 177	219 155	123 36	70 23	22 5	_	10 5	262 212
5 to 9 10 to 49	862 1 952	37 108	61 172	193 380	285 482	132 530	36 78 162	69	44 8	22 25	5 10 16	225
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	1 952 1 209 47	363	73	164	204 15	307	40	35	_	25 12	11 6	225 233 200 206
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	- 7	-	13	۱	,,		<b>'</b>		-	_	۱	200
1975 to Morch 1980	1 643	. 5	8	194	358	513	242	167	76	75	.5	275
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	1 205 1 224	127 231	21 78	106 93	292 315	419 295	114 88	26 61	42 24	43 18	21	255 230
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	728   1 101	- 48	59 110	146 216	153 226	159 152	103 118	43 128	41 56	_ 25	5 15 21 24 22	249 236
1939 or eorlier	2 459	153	272	566	456	300	190	144	173	64	141	214
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 ta 3	7 464	187	453	1 170	1 649	1 761	842	562	412	200	228	254
4 or more With elevotor	896 697	377 357	95 56	151	151	77 50	13	7	· · -	25 12		141 97
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	"	337	30	72	123	30	_	<b>'</b>	_	'2		"
INCOME IN 1979	, ,,,,		,,,,		201	212	00					017
Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	1 030 867	97 51	123 32	224 163	221 153	210 236	82 95	30 83	8 44	35 10		217 257
20 to 24 percent	1 044 1 057	138 128	32 77 84	170 131	165 162	198 312	181 97	62 63	14 53	39 27		240 254 245 245 256 245
30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent	590 1 178	45 45	20 68	96 183	148 261	130 232	42	63 141	53 28 90	18 42	• • •	245
50 percent or more	2 220	60	138	329	659	488	116 203	127	162	54	220	245 275
Not computed Median	374   30.0	24.9	27.3	25 28.5	31 36.5	32 29.2	39 27.6	33.7	13 42.5	30.4	228	2/5
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS												
Heating equipmentCentrol heating system	<b>8 352</b> 6 770	<b>564</b> 519	<b>548</b> 386	1 321 1 000	1 8 <b>00</b> 1 397	1 838 1 571	<b>847</b> 723 <b>13</b>	<b>569</b> 473	<b>412</b> 336	<b>225</b> 200	<b>228</b> 165	<b>245</b> 250
Air conditioning	94 48	<b>39</b>	-	15 15	_	13 7	13	-	4	<b>5</b> 5	<b>5</b>	<b>168</b> 176
.,						·	,				· · · · ·	,,,

# Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

			··		Н	usehald incor	me in 1979						
Bellingham city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 ta \$12,499	\$12,500 ta \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or mare	Median (dallars)	Mean (dallars)	Incame in 1979 below paverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	10 043	983	1 350	739	599	1 383	1 478	1 805	1 010	696	19 882	23 008	724
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over  Made householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over  Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over 45 to 64 years 55 years and over 45 to 64 years 45 years and over  Median age  YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	6 844 167 1 482 1 309 2 410 1 476 1 116 66 360 158 231 301 2 083 51 270 181 1541 1 040 52.2	129 3 3 122 28 54 238 8 12 28 152 616 16 38 23 81 458 71.8	619 - 84 37 655 4333 1888 277 539 366 68.5	397 6 34 43 73 241 102 -56 11 16 16 19 24 8 30 26 100 76 62.3	420 55 62 30 147 176 70 14 12 1 22 3 3 20 109 6 6 23 17 17 46 61.1	1 018 64 310 161 282 201 124 5 68 15 29 7 7 241 5 16 114 78 46.2	1 174 73 322 268 385 126 160 -55 31 69 5 144 -33 8 8 72 31 43.1	1 594 16 482 312 665 119 126 5 78 8 24 11 85 - 39 6 6 19 21 43.6	878 - 110 291 402 77 75 83 - 34 23 26 6 - 8 10 7 24 45.9	615 -66 145 353 51 25 7 7 -6 56 56 -4 4 28 20 49.8	23 649 20 264 23 854 27 185 28 306 12 642 13 571 9 688 19 474 18 333 20 265 8 775 8 775 8 775 8 768 12 162 5 812	27 340 20 344 25 601 31 779 32 795 17 034 16 625 15 304 20 929 20 256 18 661 8 300 12 193 300 12 193 13 340 14 929 9484 	163 3 39 42 50 29 152 7 50 19 22 54 409 16 63 42 74 214 60.5
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 572 2 739 1 659 1 710 2 363	113 179 115 179 397	178 298 209 181 484	98 181 117 123 220	110 140 105 102 142	274 389 233 181 306	278 475 280 1 <b>99</b> 246	301 591 285 321 307	142 285 197 265 121	78 201 118 159 140	20 260 21 796 21 107 22 392 13 917	22 650 24 994 23 583 25 857 18 478	132 165 90 118 219
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per roam Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearling equipment Central hearling system Air conditioning Central system Vohicles available 1 2 or mare House hearling fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Blectricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Other Median rooms Specified owner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	10 017 83 26 10 039 8 432 302 1946 9 442 3 278 6 164 10 039 4 185 76 3 304 1 887 587 587 5.8	983 993 658 30 10 660 544 116 983 6 308 156 50 4.6	1 346 - 4 4 1 346 1 042 42 22 1 203 819 384 1 346 469 31 314 85 5.0	739 	599 	1 376 18 7 1 383 1 140 36 13 1 37 465 892 1 883 634 5 420 201 1 123 5.8	1 473 5 5 5 7 1 478 1 260 37 23 1 466 4362 1 084 1 478 597 11 470 263 137 6.0	1 805 18	1 000 25 10 25 10 1 010 927 47 42 1 010 124 886 1 010 461 6 310 186 47 6.8	696 8 	19 874 29 792 21 000 	22 996 30 247 27 614 23 014 24 380 23 441 26 016 23 979 15 713 28 375 23 014 22 573 19 155 470 18 871  23 265	724 9 - 724 464 31 10 515 354 161 724 340 - 227 107 50 4.8
OWNER COSTS  With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 ar mare Median  Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$155 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or mare Median	5 211 390 541 815 746 560 1 004 442 481 232 \$360 3 383 897 759 507 323 166 58 \$58	198 41 37 47 11 16 26 4 6 10 \$272 628 44 468 237 103 29 29 29 13 5 \$86	389 587 79 65 30 56 25 6 13 \$300 682 45 172 199 102 26 6 -	291 63 60 38 51 10 23 20 26 - \$280 327 - 65 85 67 64 434 6 6 6 8105	224 32 24 35 23 38 67 5 - \$346 275 - 34 40 410 411 41 23 23 - 3114	756 68 104 104 104 135 46 13 \$336 452 43 109 141 84 84 18 18 85 46 85 43 104 114 118 85 46 85 47 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85	955 52 100 159 129 143 202 64 74 32 \$363 369 14 34 97 84 59 47 34	1 211 51 88 199 172 151 247 107 147 49 \$382 346 5 5 25 93 55 83 67 18	747 19 53 122 126 41 150 99 77 60 \$406 153 31 31 36 39 10 6 6 7	440 6 18 32 29 60 108 38 94 55 \$475 151 —————————————————————————————————	24 012 15 065 19 258 23 815 23 815 22 788 24 425 26 250 27 633 27 321 12 995 6 6667 7 4444 10 574 40 406 15 858 19 871 22 237 57 985	27 139 16 893 21 180 24 252 25 038 27 816 29 319 36 000 41 309 11 245 10 218 13 876 16 200 18 089 24 817 36 843 59 424	253 29 56 59 36 16 31 4 6 16 \$285 378 26 95 157 18 24 24 53
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 p.rcent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent ar mare Nat computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent ar mare Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent ar mare Not computed Median Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 10 to 19 percent	5 211 1 832 932 729 465 366 861 26 19.1 3 383 1 625 656 418 205 139 104 218 18	198	389 18 13 6 14 13 325 48.7 682 209 217 93 43 19 6	291 16 35 54 45 36 105 29.5 327 118 119 65 13 12 -	224 17 27 26 38 51 65 30.4 27 113 134 28 	756 90 164 152 125 106 119 24.1 452 332 102 18	955 254 202 248 120 63 68 20.4 369 323 46 	1 211 534 308 184 92 79 14 16.2 346 346 	747 499 154 52 31 11 1 - 12.6 153 153 - - - - - - -	440 404 29 	24 012 34 709 25 651 22 075 20 350 19 902 2500 12 995 22 595 21 534 7 332 5 108 4 558 4 029 3 260 2500	27 139 40 025 27 112 22 818 20 913 20 751 10 307  17 297 27 227 27 227 11 724 8 764 5 478 5 151 4 197 2 948 	253 - - - - - - - - - - - - -

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

İ					Ho	usehald incor	ne in 1979						
Bellingham city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 ta \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 ta \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dallars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	8 422	2 347	2 319	934	628	1 029	562	428	114	61	8 867	11 133	2 643
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	1 914	134	445	242	211	398	170	206	54	54	14 111	16 712	233
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	437 719	59 42	126 153	85 97	34 107	76 133	35 80	11 86	5 15	6 6	10 985 14 077	12 427 15 713	78 73 40
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	307 246	21	47 41	16 12	12 36	73 87	31 15	79 30	12 5	16 20	19 269 17 179	22 765 21 549	40 30
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	205 <b>2 772</b>	12 <b>693</b>	78 <b>698</b>	32 <b>351</b>	22 1 <b>8</b> 8	29 <b>377</b>	9 <b>295</b>	120	17 <b>43</b>	6 <b>7</b>	10 977 <b>9 963</b>	14 486 11 516	12 818
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 073 1 036	298 183	303 253	124 186	65 104	173 144	63 104	39 46	8 16	-	8 925 11 102	10 275 12 074	432 228
35 to 44 years	257 204	30 88	38 42	15	19	28 18	110	17 18	13	7	19 531 7 742	16 104 13 056	42 56
65 years and over	202 3 736	94 1 <b>520</b>	62 1 1 <b>76</b>	21 <b>341</b>	229	14 254	5 97	102	6	-	5 673 6 193	7 851 <b>7 990</b>	60
Female householder, no husband present	1 351 844	464 273	507 270	102 120	91 60	81 96	46	55 20	5	=	6 774 7 231	8 531 8 494	1 <b>592</b> 737 298
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	253	57	113	36	12	15	14	_	6	_	7 781	9 183	96
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	351 937	120 606	47 239	46 37	40 26	45 17	20 12	27	6	-	10 462 4 306	11 429 5 148	123 338
Medien age	29.1	30.2	27.8	27.8	28.1	29.0	31.8	31.3	38.3	52.1	•••	•••	26.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	5 305	1 344	1 528	651	408	616	394	263	70	31	9 205	11 140	1 841
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	1 951 647	479 283	519 145	173 56	146 74	337 31	138 14	123 23	15 12	21 9	9 727 5 974	12 123 9 709	449 181
1960 to 1969	341 178	166 75	77 50	26 28	-	26 19	16	13	17	<u>-</u>	5 296 6 591	9 778 7 853	101
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	170	/3	30	20	_	17	_	o	_	_	0 371	7 633	′'
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	8 176	2 219	2 266	918	619	1 011	551	417	114	61	8 994	11 230	2 517
0.50 or less 0.51 ta 1.00	5 455 2 527	1 636 540	1 600 590	622 292	364 237	591 398	301 236	220 1 <b>8</b> 6	95 13	26 35	8 122 11 143	10 449 12 890	1 512 912
1.01 to 1.50	150 44	26 17	59 17	4	12 6	22	14	7 4	6	_	8 529 7 083	12 472 8 437	70 23
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	<b>246</b> 130	1 <b>28</b> 66	53 26	<b>16</b> 16	9	18 11	11 5	11	-	-	<b>4 884</b> 4 953	7 901 8 024	126 61
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	96 9	62	21		- 9	7	6	-	_	_	4 364 13 750	6 151 12 785	50
1.51 or mare	11	_	6	_	_	~	_	5	Ξ	=	9 792	17 733	6
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Heating equipment Central heating system	<b>8 414</b> 6 814	2 347 1 889	<b>2 319</b> 1 842	<b>934</b> 719	<b>628</b> 532	1 <b>021</b> 834	<b>562</b> 488	<b>428</b> 358	11 <b>4</b> 98	<b>61</b> 54	<b>8 857</b> 8 969	<b>11 126</b> 11 298	2 643 2 050
Air conditioning Central system	<b>94</b> 48	<b>44</b> 5	<b>25</b> 25	_	_	-	<b>20</b> 13	_	<b>5</b> 5	_	<b>5 417</b> 7 857	10 307 14 294	24 8
Vehicles available	<b>6 656</b> 4 019	<b>1 305</b> 1 035	<b>1 829</b> 1 285	<b>834</b> 542	<b>568</b> 295	<b>976</b> 451	<b>551</b> 229	<b>424</b> 142	108 22	<b>61</b> 18	10 582 8 666	<b>12 590</b> 10 244	1 778 1 120
2 or moreHouse heating fuel	2 637 <b>8 414</b>	270 <b>2 347</b>	544 <b>2 319</b>	292 <b>934</b>	273 <b>628</b>	525 1 <b>021</b>	322 <b>562</b>	282 <b>428</b>	86 114	43 <b>61</b>	14 446 <b>8 857</b>	16 165 <b>11 126</b>	658 <b>2 643</b>
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	2 833 139	861 62	808 57	306	199 9	347 6	148	126 5	32	6	8 227 5 436	10 290 6 961	949 66
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	4 333 689	1 022 223	1 191 173	495 93	351 44	537 95	348 46	264 15	77 	48	9 771 8 328	12 118 9 750	1 209 192
Other Median rooms	420 3.8	179 <b>3.2</b>	90 <b>3.8</b>	40 <b>3.9</b>	25 <b>4.2</b>	36 <b>4.3</b>	20 <b>4.0</b>	18 4.5	5 <b>4.7</b>	7 <b>5.3</b>	6 937	10 156	227 <b>3.7</b>
Specified renter-occupied housing units	8 360	2 341	2 276	934	621	1 029	562	422	114	61	8 898	11 150	2 613
CONTRACT RENT	0 000	2 341	1 170	754	021	1 027	302	422		•	0 0/0	11 150	2 3.0
Less than \$100	696	491	122	42	7	7	10	11	6	-	4 059	5 468	360
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	866 2 011	332 626	272 642	107 218	44 129	88 163	17 148	61	17	6 7	6 322 7 665	7 823 9 698	307 581
\$250 to \$299	2 150 1 555	485 229	631 359	309 155	184 198	269 331 93	139 134	101 112	19 37	13	9 645 12 936	11 282 13 601	617 425 157
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	456 197	48 27	130 46	64 21	28 18	93 14	45 22	36 41	12 8	_	11 953 13 125	13 914 16 136	57
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	152 49	- 6	18 6	8	8 –	36 _	26 6	33 9	5 5	18 17	21 154 29 306	23 734 46 541	30 6
No cash rent Median	228 \$212	97 \$171	50 \$206	10 \$217	5 <b>\$237</b>	28 \$246	15 \$237	18 \$260	5 \$264	_ \$425	6 328	10 147	73 \$202
GROSS RENT	, ,		•			·	·						
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	564 548	442 238	67 206	30 34	7 7	7 36	_ 27	11	-	-	3 834 5 539	4 689 6 688	316 189
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 321	425	414	184	89	136	47	9	1]	6 7	7 521	9 075	386 555
\$250 to \$299	1 800 1 838	592 327	575 485	219 260	99 212	111 262	112 150	79 100	42	_	7 305 11 029	9 357 12 361	570
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	855 569	123 41	196 138	61 74	73 75	232 110	82 61	58 55	17 15	13	14 127 13 550	14 537 15 068	226 116
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or mare	412 225	50 6	111 34	54 8	40 14	79 28	26 42	44 48	8 10	35	12 083 22 446	13 841 28 163	134 48
No cash rent Median	228 \$246	97 \$202	50 \$236	10 \$249	5 \$280	28 \$291	15 \$280	18 \$303	5 \$295	\$500+	6 328	10 147	73 \$236
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	1 030 867	9 40	52 43	64 89	35 127	197 260	247 208	266 90	99 10	61	22 797 17 963	25 556 17 673	35 71 98
20 to 24 percent	1 044	115	175	220	130	327	38	39	-	Ξ	12 731	17 673 13 058 10 921	98 148
25 to 29 percent	1 057 590	134 65	277 310	284 86	175 87	148 24	30 18	9	-	-	11 034 9 095	9 558	98 318
35 to 49 percent	1 178 2 220	184 1 551	728 641	159 22	56 6	45 	6	- 10	-	_	7 428 3 948	7 955 4 138	1 626 219
Not computed Median	37 30.0	243 50+	50 39.2	10 26.6	5 25.5	28 20.7	15 15.6	18 13.5	5 10	10—	2 500	5 873	219 50+
	·												

# Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Data ore estimo	niez pazea on a	sample, see intri	рацстол. гог т	leaning of symbo	ois, see introduct	non. For definite	ons of ferms, se	e appendixes A	ana 6 j	
Bellingham city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified awner-occupied hausing units	5 211	390	541	815	746	560	1 004	442	481	232	360
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person	561	94 83	93	118	68 225	49	70 272	37	11 119	21 29	290 349
2 persons 3 persons	1 421 1 083	107	166 122	243 127	148	140 130	224	144 83	100	42	364
4 persons5 persons	1 382 576	82 16	85 61	208 119	201 76	191 42	269 93	96 55	161	89 45	380 369
6 persons	139 34	8	8		28	=	57 12	20 7	12	6	454 496
7 persons 8 or more persons	15		6	_		8	7	_	9 -		397
Medion	3.08	2.67	2.59	2.87	3.04	3.20	3.21	2.98	3.57	3.77	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	4 000	040	247		570	450		250	440	100	27/
Married-couple families	<b>4 029</b> 139	263 _	347	<b>588</b> 33	<b>578</b> 40	<b>450</b> 14	811 41	<b>353</b> 5	440 6	199	<b>376</b> 346
25 to 34 years	1 282 1 165	60 67	78 74	99 198	185 168	191 133	338 210	154 66	128 161	49 88	407 378
45 to 64 years	1 310 133	102 34	173 22	229 29	177 8	103	216	115 13	133 12	62	343 268
65 years and over Male hauseholder, no wife present	484	46	89	90	67	44	68	46	27	7	313
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	24 255	13	6 37	3 56	5 26	23	10 34	39	27		330 341
35 to 44 years	115 72	22	20 19	24 7	17 19	14 7	11 13	7	_	7 -	282 326
65 years and over	18	11	7	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	191
Female hauseholder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	<b>698</b> 32	81 -	105	13 <b>7</b> 7	101	<b>66</b> 5	125 16	<b>43</b> 4	14	26 _	313 418
25 to 34 years	208 147	12	22 32	40 14	34 41	19 16	45 24	27 4	4 10	5	344 326
45 to 64 years	234	43 20	32 19	58	19	13	40	8	-	21	286
65 years and overMedian age	77 <b>39.0</b>	48.9	45.1	41.1	37.7	13 <b>36.5</b>	35.6	34.8	40.6	38.9	249
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to March 1980	1 107	22 85	25 141	85	101	131	232	174	214	123	483
1975 to 1978	1 923   1 080	85 115	141   121	205   276	281 220	231 85	544 136	205 57	164 52	67 18	403 306
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	874 227	121 47	203 51	199 50	131 13	98 15	59 33	6	40 11	17	278 265
ROOMS	227	7/	3,	30			33	_		,	203
1 to 3 rooms	42	13	6	7	9	7	_	_	_	_	264
4 i oams	479	95 141	58	119	76	55	44	32	,,	- 10	286
5 rooms6 rooms	933 1 277	58	151 165	178 195	117 228	121 125	158 314	43 77	11 102	13 13	299 348
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	981 1 499	61 22	105 56	135 181	161 155	71 181	222 266	101 189	84 284	41 165	370 451
Median	6.4	5.1	5.8	6.0	6.3	6.3	6.5	7.2	7.9	8.2	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974	1 026 609	22	20	36 112	81 119	85 86	269 113	188 66	223 47	122 26	511 369
1960 to 1969	591	22 20 38 52	20 52	134	94	83	74	47	56	13	338 345
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	700 547	52 80	113 95	108   79	85 97	92 73	137 72	53 20	56 55 25	5 6	345 310
1939 ar eorlier	1 738	178	261	346	270	141	339	68	. 75	60	316
VALUE											
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	- 42	20	17	- 3	_	- 2	-	_	_	_	203
\$20,000 to \$29,999\$30,000 to \$39,999	129 683	51	30 151	13	35 87	_	~	17	_ 13	-	222 270
\$40,000 to \$49,999	937	117 89	125	181 153	158	82 137	35 236	34	5	-	332
\$50,000 ta \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	851 1 324	37 64	71 124	145 197	144 218	120 104	250 275	51 133	33 188	_ 21	362 378
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	713 373	12	18	96 27	71 27	90 11	131	127 45	112 86	56 108	443 613
\$150,000 or more	159	<del>-</del>	_	-	6	14	13	35	44	47	639
Medion	\$59 400	\$40 800	\$46 600	\$53 000	\$55 000	\$53 700	\$59 100	\$77 300	\$80 200	\$116 800	•••
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent	1 832	238	290	455	294	158	229	55	82	31	293
15 to 19 percent	932 729	72 25	78 61	125 50	162 123	125 119	216 181	82 86	55 60 77	17 24	362 394
25 to 29 percent	465 366	3 13	29	41 18	41 24	59 43	130 76	60 57	77 82	25 53	439 516
35 percent or more	861	39	83	111	97	56	166	102	125	82	433
Not computed Median	26 19.1	13.2	14.4	15 14.1	5 17.4	19.9	21.5	24.9	27.8	31.8	293
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Heating equipment	5 211	390	541	815	746	560	1 004	442	481	232	360
Steam or hot water systemCentral warm-air fumace or electric heat pump	439 2 782	13   124	43 271	57 426	55 378	49 278	68 585	56 253	91 283	7 184	404 385
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	1 214 78	77 20	128	216	170	146 10	257	114	71	35 6	355 300
Other means	698	156	92	104	125	77	94	19	31	-	299
Air conditioning	102 83	-		18 10	6	-	<b>19</b> 19	<b>24</b> 13	<b>20</b> 20	<b>15</b> 15	<b>533</b> 550
1 or more individual room units Hause heating fuel	19 5 211	_ 390	541	815	746	560	1 004	11 442	481	232	514 <b>360</b>
Utility gas	2 355	190	230	374	348	236	430	197	233	117	358 225
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	17 1 608	101	17 128	250	214	160	362	152	152	89	385
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	895 336	78 21	109 57	114 77	122	126 38	158 54	80 13	82 14	26 -	360 310
							- '				-

# Table B -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	[Dala are estillate:	s bosed on a samp	ole, see introductio	in. For meaning	or symbols, see i	infoduction. Tor	Jeriningns of Term	s, see oppendixes	A did bj	
Bellingham city	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	3 383	120	553	897	75 <del>9</del>	507	323	166	58	104
PERSONS IN UNIT	, 252	0.4	044	01.4	100	,,,	70	00		0.1
1 person 2 persons	1 059 1 839	84 17	246 1 282	314 489	199 447	113 299	78 170	20 94	5 41	91 107
3 persons	288	12	19	79	68	42	39	23	6	113
4 persons5 persons	157 26	7	6	15	31 14	53	24 6	21	- 6	134 123
6 persons	8	-	-	-	'2		~	8	_	225
7 persons 8 or more persons	- 6	_	-	_	Ξ	_	- 6		-	175
Medion	1.84	1.21	1.61	1.78	1.90	1.97	1.99	2.17	2.09	1,3
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	2 018	29	256	505	479	348	226	128	47	111
15 to 24 years	8	-	-	8	_	_	-	-	- <del>"</del> -	88
25 to 34 years	50 64	6	6	12	20 12	6 33	13	_	_	101 136
45 to 64 years	787	_	57	175	187	169	115	62	22	l 122 I
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	1 109 <b>366</b>	23 <b>31</b>	187 <b>65</b>	310 <b>75</b>	260 <b>101</b>	140 25	98 <b>52</b>	66 <b>12</b>	25 <b>5</b>	103
15 to 24 years	10	~	5	_	5	- 25	-	-	_	103 103 87 89 88
25 to 34 years	18	-	5	7	6	-	-	-	_	89
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	10Ó	7	16	22 39	21	13	15	6	_	106
65 years and over Female hauseholder, no husband present	231 999	24 <b>60</b>	39 232	39 317	69 179	12 134	37 <b>45</b>	6 <b>26</b>	5 <b>6</b>	106 105 <b>91</b>
15 to 24 years	8	_	- 1	-	.,,	8			_	138
25 to 34 years	30 13	9	13	7	- 6	8	_		_	138 62 98
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	193	8	11	57	44	47	26 19	- 1	-	112
65 years and over	755 68.4	43 71.2	208 <b>72.7</b>	253 <b>70.1</b>	129 <b>67.8</b>	71 <b>62.5</b>	19 <b>64.5</b>	26 <b>67.0</b>	6 68.2	88
Median age	00.4	/1.2	, 2.,	70.1	07.0	02.3	04.5	07.0	00.2	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	150 275	24 13	19 54	37 66	13 48	27 52	24 18	18	- 6	97 102
1970 to 1974	399	2	87	139	107	24	22 54	18	_	95
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	661 1 898	10 71	99 294	174 481	139 452	138 266	54 205	29 95	18 34	109 106
	1 0,00	, ,	2,4	401	432	200	203	,,,	34	100
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms4 rooms	124 791	10 45	26 216	63 302	25 114	78	31	_	_ 5	85 86
5 rooms	960	46	191	247	225	147	66	26	12	100
6 rooms 7 rooms	782 435	6	71 26	207 67	218 129	137 92	86 63	38 42	19 16	112 124
8 or mare rooms	291	13	23	11	48	53	63 77	60	6	149
Median	5.3	4.6	4.7	4.8	5.6	5.7	6.3	7.0	6.1	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	101	15	19	20	.=	18	17	12	-	96
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	113 226	7	21 7	12 54	47 75	11 24	10 23	29	6 7	113 115
1950 ta 1959	498	8	65	103	109	90	69	31	23	117
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	424 2 021	24 66	78 363	156 552	56 472	52 312	30 174	12 76	16	93 102
			333	552				, ,	_	
VALUE	40		_	10	10					
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	48 233	17	7 76	18 71	19 39	5	25		_	93 83
\$20,000 to \$29,999	402	28 29	115	170	61	14	6	8	_	84
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	628 628	29	175   104	188 210	127 140	90 82	41	27	_	83 84 90 97
\$50,000 to \$59,999	517	8	36 30	110	159	132 147	61	6 42	5 6	116
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	577 151	_ [	10	111	164 30	26	77 23	50	6	122 158
\$100,000 ta \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	129	5	-	13	20	6	42	27	16	174
Median	70   \$44 800	\$35 500	\$35 000	\$40 100	\$49 600	\$52 600	\$61 400	\$80 000	\$130 000	193
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS		·			·					
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	1 625	76	263	436	375	220	154	66	35	102
10 to 14 percent	656	22	113	128	166	112	69	46	12	110
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	418 205	6 9	105 35	90 67	57 46	87 29	32 19	29	12	104 97 99 99 112
25 to 29 percent	139	- !	17	54 55	25	24	7	6	6	99
30 to 34 percent35 percent or more	104 218	7	7	55 67	30 60	29	7 35	6 8	5	112
Not computed	18		13		_	_	-	5	,, -	67
Medion	10.4	10—	10.3	10.5	10.1	11.5	10.5	11.6	10—	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Steam or hot water system	3 383	120	553	897	759 46	507 73	323	166 82	58 11	104 146
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	334 1 475	14	131	53 319	452	306	61 160	58	35	115
Other built-in electric units	722	64	236	211	118	52	29	6 9	6	82 89 92
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnace Other means	135 717	6 36	20 158	73 241	14 129	76	13 60	11	6	92
Air conditioning	100	2	7	32	18	23 11	5	13	-	113
Central system 1 or more individual room units	45 55	- 2	7	17 15	12 6	12	5 -	13	-	111
House heating feel	3 383	120	553	897	759	507	323	166	58	104
Utility gasBottled, tank, or LP gas	1 531	13	183	413 12	400	260	177	55	30	110 85
Electricity	849	71	259	254 193	149	59	39	12	6	84
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	817 172	11 23	46 65	193 25	187 23	169	90 17	99	22	121 74
	<u>'</u>		0.5			l	· · · ·	<u> </u>		

# Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Owner-occupied housing units					Renter-occupied housing units						
Bellingham city	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	10 043	1 537	1 013	1 009	2 358	4 126	8 422	1 649	1 205	1 224	1 857	2 487
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	/ 844	1 170	747	704	1 (00	0.500	1.014	207	270	014	537	637
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	<b>6 844</b> 167 1 482	1 172 64 426	<b>747</b> 17 142	<b>734</b> - 89	1 689 33 317	2 502 53 508	1 914 437 719	<b>397</b> 177 122	<b>270</b> 28 1 <b>2</b> 2	<b>214</b> 53 54	<b>516</b> 117 212	517 62 209
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 309 2 410	231 346	281 206	165	278 659	354 834	307 246	45 37	60 29	15 19	83 69	104
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	1 476 1 116	105 145	101 <b>85</b>	365 115 <b>47</b>	402 <b>249</b>	753 <b>590</b>	205 2 772	16 <b>610</b>	31 <b>344</b>	73 <b>237</b>	35 <b>597</b>	92 50 <b>984</b>
15 to 24 years	66 360	22 60	8 22	18	11 100	25 160	1 073 1 036	287 238	148 115	78 71	251 218	309 394
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	158 231	21 30	14 25	10 13	43 14	70 149	257 204	55 19	27 22	43 21	55 45	77 97
65 yeors ond over	301 2 083	12 <b>220</b>	16 1 <b>81</b>	228	81 <b>420</b>	186 1 034	202 3 736	11 6 <b>42</b>	32 591	24 773	28 <b>744</b>	107 <b>986</b>
15 to 24 years	51 270	4 32	19 14	27	71	28 126	1 351 844	316 186	233 74	214 101	259 223	329 260
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	181 541	29 101	12 37	30 91	39 114	71 198	253 351	57 39	13 74	38 76	65 74	80 88
65 years and over Median oge	1 040 <b>52.2</b>	54 <b>39.8</b>	99 <b>44.1</b>	80 <b>54.3</b>	196 <b>53.5</b>	611 57.3	937 <b>29.1</b>	44 <b>25.6</b>	197 <b>30.0</b>	344 <b>39.1</b>	123 28.8	229 <b>29</b> .9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
1979 to March 1980	1 572 2 739	655 882	151 341	84 168	284 525	398 823	5 305 1 951	1 426 223	661 303	621 342	1 234 436	1 363 647
1970 to 1974	1 659 1 710	_	521 -	199 558	450 463	489 689	647 341	-	241	139 122	89 60	178 159
1959 or earlier	2 363	_	-	-	636	1 727	178	-	-	~	38	140
ROOMS 1 room	28	5	18	- 7	<u>-</u>	5	419	45	34	97	. 65	178
2 rooms3 rooms	85 186	23 8	7 17	13	26 33	115 722	1 113 1 793	227 403	173 294	241 247	151 399	321 450
4 rooms5 rooms	1 688 2 299	202 302	132 201 197	161 203 229	461 562	732 1 031 973	2 693 1 353	563 284	484 145	421 166	579 339	646 419
6 rooms	2 265 3 492 5.8	300 697 6.3	441 6.2	396 6.0	566 710 5.7	1 248 5.7	576 475 3.8	84 43 3.8	42 33 3.7	10 42 3.6	198 126 4.0	242 231 4.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	5.0	0.5	0.2	0.0	3.7	5.7	3.0	3.0	3.7	3.0	4.0	4.0
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	10 017 7 741	1 537 1 162	1 009 723	1 <b>004</b> 794	2 341 1 742	4 126 3 320	<b>8 176</b> 5 455	1 644 1 055	1 1 <b>99</b> 802	1 219 840	1 <b>819</b> 1 199	2 295 1 559
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	2 193 61	363 4	271 15	194 16	580 13	785 13	2 527 150	539 37	392	359 14	571 39	666
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	22 <b>26</b>	8 -	4	5	6 17	8	44 <b>246</b>	13 <b>5</b>	5 <b>6</b>	6 <b>5</b>	10 <b>38</b>	10 192
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	22 4	_	_ 4	5 —	17 -	-	130 96	_	<del>-</del>	5	31 7	94 83
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	_	-	_	_	_	-	9 11	5	_	_	_	9
PERSONS IN UNIT	2 088	244	179	197	457	001	2 52/		515	/50	709	1 100
1 person 2 persons 3 persons	3 928 1 557	264 534 287	298	404 181	457 934 365	991 1 758 598	3 536 2 869 1 072	555 716 248	515 449 142	658 365 144	708 594	1 100 745 285
4 persons 5 persons	1 603 635	280 133	126 256 126	176 29	390 154	501 193	637 173	99 21	73 17	41	253 213 47	211 82
6 or more persons	232 2.25	39 2.44	28 2.73	22 2.26	58 2.27	85 2.11	135 1.74	10 1.88	'9 1.69	10 1.43	42 1.87	64
Total persons	25 481	4 326	3 049	2 573	5 991	9 542	17 022	3 224	2 251	2 096	4 164	5 287
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottached	0.100	1 105	700	0.40	0.000	2 0/0	0.040	200	1/2	104	1 100	1 170
3 and 4	9 102 146 105	1 195 17	783 8 9	863 15 7	2 293 15	3 968 91	2 860 794	208 183	163 63 132	194 94	1 123 152 167	1 172 302 161
5 to 9	50 170	30 7 78	11 35	13 28	17 - 29	42 19	698 862 1 952	82 197 675	123 380	156 125 256	126 197	291
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	35 435	7 <u>6</u> 210	31 136	83	4	- 6	1 209 47	299 5	337 7	382 17	82 10	109
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	400	210	130	03	-	٥	47	,	,	17	10	١
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system	10 039 865	1 537 17	1 009 23	1 009 160	2 358 268	4 126 397	8 414 1 311	1 649 12	1 <b>205</b> 180	1 <b>224</b> 193	1 <b>849</b> 299	2 487 627
Central worm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	4 959 2 388	878 577	611 297	377 409	1 178 505	1 915 600	1 407 3 967	176 1 450	162 838	197 782	338 564	534 333
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce Other means	220 1 607	12 53	11 67	63	38 369	159 1 055	129 1 600	11	25	_ 52	63 585	66 927
Air conditioning Central system	<b>302</b> 196	<b>93</b> 80	<b>50</b> 31	<b>12</b> 12	<b>62</b> 36	<b>8</b> 5 37	<b>94</b> 48	12 5	<b>54</b> 19	<b>5</b> 5	1 <b>8</b> 14	<b>5</b> 5
l or more individual room units House heating fuel	106 <b>10 039</b>	13 <b>1 537</b>	19 <b>1 009</b>	1 009	26 2 358	4 126	46 <b>8 414</b>	7 1 <b>649</b>	35 <b>1 205</b>	1 224	1 849	2 487
Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas	4 185 76	400 21	494 17	326	855 8	2 110	2 833 139	56 5	188 21	268 15	830 43	1 491
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	3 304 1 887	1 070 20	468 6	502 164	597 738	667 959	4 333 689	1 588	912 13	860 81	593 250	380 345
Other	587 <b>724</b>	26 <b>45</b>	24 <b>41</b>	17 <b>46</b>	160 <b>173</b>	360 419	420 2 643	467	71 <b>315</b>	439	133 <b>519</b>	216 903
Percent below poverty level  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	7.2	2.9	4.0	4.6	7.3	10.2	31.4	28.3	26.1	35.9	27.9	36.3
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	983 1 350	56 133	59 104	58 101	237 291	573 721	2 347 2 319	337 462	327 348	469 250	458 552	756 707
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	739 599	71 - 109	89 41	43 53	131 135	405 261	934 628	177 95	104 131	123 118	213 147	317 137
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	1 383 1 478	180 262	154 139	146 126	312 342	591 609	1 029 562	211 175	106 79	136 67	257 112	319 129
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	1 805 1 010	366 228	171 161	215 140	515 245	538 236	428 114	138 42	77 16	30 24	91 15	92 17
\$50,000 or more Median	696 \$19 882	132 \$24 163	95 \$22 689	127 \$24 314	150 \$21 099	192 \$15 855	61 \$8 867	12 \$10 360	17 \$8 733	7 \$7 321	12 \$9 267	13 \$8 068
Mean	\$23 008	\$27 193	\$25 732	\$29 906	\$23 841	\$18 617	\$11 133	\$12 826	\$12 063	\$9 905	\$11 167	\$10 138

# Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	C	wner-accupied I	nausing units		Renter-occupied hausing units							
Bellingham city	Total	1 unit, detached ar attached	2 ar mare units	Mabile hame ar trailer, etc.	Tatol	l unit, detached ar attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 ta 49 units	50 or mare units	Mobile hame or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units	10 043	9 102	506	435	8 422	2 860	794	698	862	1 952	1 209	47
Condominium housing unitsHOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	225	26	199	-	98	3	-	_	6	89	-	-
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	<b>6 844</b> 167	<b>6 415</b> 157	204	225	1 914 437	1 <b>057</b> 197	1 <b>55</b> 50	1 <b>06</b> 21	1 <b>49</b> 30	<b>320</b> 107	1 <b>22</b> 32	5
25 ta 34 years	1 482	1 408	49	25	719	449	76	52	36	87	14	5
35 ta 44 years 45 ta 64 years	1 309 2 410	1 289 2 261	16 79	4 70	307 246	205 136	13 6	11	8 55	61 32	9 17	-
65 years and over	1 476	1 300	54	122	205	70	10	22	20	33	50	-
Male hausehalder, na wife present 15 ta 24 years	1 116 66	<b>905</b> 41	1 <b>30</b> 9	<b>81</b> 16	<b>2 772</b> 1 073	<b>815</b> 356	<b>313</b> 113	1 <b>92</b> 81	<b>300</b> 77	<b>775</b> 273	<b>351</b> 167	26 6
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	360 158	290 130	45 28	25	1 036 257	322 67	135 33	90 14	134 32	269 80	78 25	8
45 to 64 years	231	188	43	-	204	51	9	7	25	99	7	6
65 years and aver Female householder, no husband present	301 2 083	256 <b>1 782</b>	5 1 <b>72</b>	40 129	202 <b>3 736</b>	19 <b>988</b>	23 <b>326</b>	400	32 <b>413</b>	54 <b>857</b>	74 <b>736</b>	16
15 to 24 years	51 270	44 249	-	7	1 351 844	307 307	136 83	145 118	177 93	353 193	229 50	4
25 ta 34 years 35 ta 44 years	181	164	8	9	253	117	46	7	19	52	12	
45 to 64 years65 years and over	541 1 040	441 884	79 81	21 75	351 937	103 154	12 49	60 70	35 89	73 186	63 382	5 7
Median age	52.2	51.3	54.5	66.4	29.1	29.8	27.3	27.9	29.2	28.1	39.9	35.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	1 572	1 296	153	123	5 305	1 741	546	428	556	1 355	656	23
1975 to 1978	2 739 1 659	2 370 1 534	183 46	186 79	1 951 647	735 160	186 30	217 44	180 70	335 169	274 174	24
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	1 710	1 633	36	41	341	93	27	4	45	72	100	_
1959 or earlier	2 363	2 269	88	6	178	131	5	5	11	21	5	-
1 roam	28	13	-	15	419	23	_	18	69	152	149	8
2 rooms3 rooms	85 186	55 142	19	30 25	l 113 l 793	66 264	23 139	77 207	131 328	479 526	337 323	- 6
4 raams 5 rooms	1 688 2 299	1 357 1 997	149 171	182 131	2 693 1 353	902 774	382 162	302 73	225 65	506 222	347 53	29
6 raams	2 265	2 168	68	29	576	421	74	8	27	46	-	-
7 or more rooms Median	3 492 5.8	3 370 6.0	99 5.0	23 4.3	475 3.8	410 4.7	14 4,1	13 3.7	17 3.2	21 3.2	2.9	3.8
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM												
Camplete plumbing far exclusive use 0.50 or less	10 017 7 741	<b>9 102</b> 6 944	<b>484</b> 425	<b>431</b> 372	<b>8 176</b> 5 455	<b>2 820</b> 1 766	<b>778</b> 580	<b>680</b> 482	<b>846</b> 585	1 815 1 254	1 190 749	47 39
0.51 ta 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	2 193 61	2 092 49	51 8	50 4	2 527 150	987 61	198	178 16	234 23	491 45	431 5	8
1.51 or mare	22	17	_	5	44	6	<del>-</del>	4	4	25	5	-
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 ar less	26 22	_	<b>22</b> 22	4	<b>246</b> 130	<b>40</b> 34	<b>16</b> 16	18 13	16 8	137 46	1 <b>9</b> 13	-
0.51 to 1.00	4	-	_	4	96	_	-	_	8	82 9	6	-
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	_	-	_	-	11	6	_	5	_	-	=	-
BEDROOMS Nane	28	13	_	15	599	23	_	34	86	260	188	8
]	511	400	66	45	2 954	442	198	292	479	981	562	
23 3	3 205 4 256	2 609 4 103	294 86	302 67	3 599 859	1 402 636	492 85	330 29	242 43	642 59	452 7	39
45 or more	1 578 465	1 537 440	35 25	6	328 83	284 73	19	13	12	10	=	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979		440	23	-	03	73	_	_	_		_	
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 ta \$9,999	983 1 350	866 1 165	53 52	64 133	2 347 2 319	509 745	200 199	218 209	251 246	629 570	523 339	17 11
\$10,000 to \$12,499	739	649	32	58	934	342	114	95	120	169	89	5
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	599 1 383	519 1 271	23 76	57 36	628 1 029	252 501	60 115	44 69	61 81	138 186	73 69	8
\$20,000 ta \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	1 478 1 805	1 380 1 653	58 114	40 38	562 428	221 216	59 31	29 27	47 30	141 75	59 49	6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1 010	955	46	9	114	49	16	-	6	35	8	- 1
\$50,000 or more Median	696 \$19 882	644 \$20 313	52 \$21 090	\$10 884	61 \$8 867	25 \$11 287	\$9 950	7 \$7 733	20 \$8 382	\$7 472	\$5 980	\$7 321
Mean SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$23 008	\$23 353	\$25 632	\$12 725	\$11 133	\$13 065	\$11 399	\$9 764	\$11 220	\$10 361	\$8 453	\$8 784
Heating equipment	10 039	9 102	506	431	8 414	2 852	794	698	862	1 952	1 209	47
Steam ar hat water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	865 4 959	803 4 521	62 116	322	1 311 1 407	81 842	26 113	77 88	168 120	451 156	508 61	27
Other built-in electric units	2 388	2 046	273	69	3 967	887	422	359 8	438 14	1 241	614	6
Flaor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	220 1 607	213 1 519	55	33	129 1 600	83 959	219	166	122	100	26	8
Air canditioning Central system	<b>302</b> 196	<b>221</b> 147	17 10	6 <b>4</b> 39	<b>94</b> 48	<b>9</b> 5	_	<b>8</b> 8	_	<b>36</b> 18	<b>41</b> 17	-
Vehicles available	9 442	8 591	473	378	6 656	2 582	673	530	630	1 451	743	47 47
1 2 ar mare	3 278 6 164	2 811 5 780	233 240	234 144	4 019 2 637	1 313 1 269	369 304	343 187	480 150	948 503	519 224	-
Hause heating fuelUtility gas	10 039 4 185	9 102 4 072	<b>506</b> 97	<b>431</b>	8 414 2 833	<b>2 852</b> 1 265	<b>794</b> 260	<b>698</b> 247	<b>862</b> 258	1 <b>952</b> 386	1 <b>209</b> 410	47
Battled, tank, ar LP gas	76	39	5	32	139	28	6	21 373	35	25	18	6
Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc	3 304 1 887	2 614 1 821	324 55	366 11	4 333 689	970 364	454 30	373 57	495 64	1 355	652 60	34
Other Water heating fuel	587 <b>10 03</b> 9	556 9 102	25 <b>506</b>	431	420 8 408	225 2 846	44 7 <b>94</b>	698	10 <b>862</b>	72 <b>1 952</b>	69 1 <b>209</b>	47
Utility gas	1 724	1 672	38	14	1 609	450	120	155	162	302	413	7
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	36 8 185	7 330	468	30   387	115 6 412	36 2 329	674	4 533	14 641	32 1 531	29 664	40
Fuel ail, kerasene, etc Other	82	82 12	-	-	164	12		6	45	62 25	39 64	-
Family householder	12 <b>7 554</b>	7 069	247	238	2 950	1 510	289	233	209	490	210	9
With awn children under 18 years With awn children under 6 years	3 259 1 205	3 164 1 152	76 44	19 9	1 591 900	923 513	151 74	115 64	86 52	253 165	59 28	4 4
Female hauseholder, no husband present	564	518	33	13	822	336	102	122	60	142	56	4
With awn children under 18 years With awn children under 6 years	305 86	281 86	19 -	5	575 269	277 116	76 26	70 39	28 16	95 58	25 10	4 4
Nanfamily hausehalder	2 489 724	2 033 656	259 40	197 28	5 472 2 643	1 350	505 282	465 198	653 252	1 462 627	999 478	38 17
Percent below poverty level	7.2	7.2	7.9	6.4	31.4	<b>789</b> 27.6	35.5	28.4	29.2	32.1	39.5	36.2

# Table B=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[2010 010 0011110				uning or symbols,						
Bellingham city	Total	) person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	10 043 591	2 088	<b>3 928</b> 324	<b>1 557</b> 129	<b>1 603</b> 57	<b>63</b> 5 24	1 <b>62</b> 30	<b>46</b> 12	<b>24</b> 15	<b>2.25</b> 2.41	<b>25 481</b> 1 778
1 to 3 rooms	299 1 688 2 299 2 265 1 541 1 951 5.8	140 638 674 350 186 100 4.9	134 854 1 088 931 522 399 5.4	166 166 212 392 324 447 6.5	6 16 218 442 355 566 6.8	3 6 83 130 123 290 7.3	8 21 20 24 89 8.0	- i - i - i - i - i - i 46 8.5+	- 3 - 7 14 7.8	1.57 1.74 1.94 2.34 2.69 3.55	517 2 954 4 936 5 822 4 383 6 869
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 017 9 934 61 22 26 26	2 079 2 079 - - 9 9	3 921 3 916 5 7 7	1 547 1 531 11 5 10 10	1 603 1 597 6 - -	635 626 6 3 - -	162 133 29 - - - -	<b>46</b> 46 - - - - -	24 6 15 3 - -	2.25 2.24 5.97 3.67 2.07 2.07	25 421 24 920 410 91 60 60
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or oftoched  2 or more  Mobile home or troiler, etc.	9 102 506 435	1 698 209 181	3 524 180 224	1 459 73 25	1 586 17 -	623 7 5	147 15 -	41 5 -	24 - -	2.31 1.74 1.66	23 529 1 052 900
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied hausing units  10,000 to \$10,000 to \$29,999  \$20,000 to \$29,999  \$30,000 to \$39,999  \$40,000 to \$49,999  \$50,000 to \$49,999  \$50,000 to \$79,999  \$80,000 to \$79,999  \$100,000 to \$149,999  \$150,000 or \$99,999	8 594 48 275 531 1 311 1 565 1 368 1 901 864 502 229 \$53 200	1 620 32 171 192 399 303 206 229 42 35 11 \$40 500	3 260 16 84 247 510 716 547 613 263 185 79 \$50 800	1 371 	1 539 6 23 118 244 248 546 208 89 57 \$64 000	602 - 3 13 59 68 91 165 87 91 25 \$69 500	147 - - 8 13 14 56 15 27 7 \$73 400	34 - - 6 6 - 22 6 - - \$76 600	21 - - - 6 - 15 - - - 866 500	2.32 1.25 1.30 1.80 2.00 2.17 2.37 2.93 3.02 2.91 2.99	22 116 50 450 867 2 742 3 785 3 616 5 638 2 617 1 709 642 
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979  Medion income	10 043 \$19 882	2 088 \$7 439	<b>3 928</b> \$18 754	1 <b>557</b> \$23 564	1 603 \$26 241	<b>635</b> \$29 531	1 <b>62</b> \$32 059	<b>46</b> \$37 917	<b>24</b> \$46 000	2.25	25 481
Median selected manthly owner costs as percentage of household income.  With a mortgage. Not mortgaged. Income in 1979 below paverty level.  Median income. Median selected manthly owner costs as percentage of	15.6 19.1 10.4 <b>724</b> \$3 599	21.8 28.5 18.5 <b>386</b> \$3 137	13.1 19.5 10 <b>165</b> \$3 764	16.3 18.9 10— <b>66</b> \$5 074	15.7 17.1 10— <b>66</b> \$5 329	15.5 16.2 10.0 <b>41</b> \$8 304	16.6 17.1 10— -	14.2 14.2 - - -	10- 10- 10- -	  1.44	:::
household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	45.2 50+ 32.3	42.8 50+ 38.2	27.1 50+ 21.9	50 + 50 + 50 +	50 + 50 + 29.3	41.4 46.4 12.5	- -		- - -	•••	:::
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	8 <b>422</b> 2 129	3 536 -	<b>2 869</b> 1 374	1 <b>072</b> 447	<b>637</b> 227	1 <b>73</b> 64	<b>94</b> 5	<b>26</b> 6	15 6	1.74 2.27	17 <b>022</b> 5 485
ROOMS 1 roam	419 1 113 1 793 2 693 1 353 576 475 3.8	381 837 1 130 807 298 69 14 3.0	34 192 527 1 346 581 133 56 4.0	73 118 345 272 175 89 4.5	4 11 18 162 155 152 135 5.3	- 12 16 26 119 7.2	- 15 24 21 34 5.9	-   6   7   13	- - - 15 8.1	1.05 1.16 1.29 1.90 2.15 2.99 4.08	448 1 502 2 570 5 491 3 142 1 760 2 109
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	8 176 7 982 150 44 246 226 9	3 364 3 364 - - 172 172 - -	2 829 2 795 - 34 40 40 - -	1 055 991 64 - 17 8 9	626 598 18 10 11 6	173 161 12 - - - -	94 55 39 - - - -	20 13 7 - 6 - -	15 5 10 - - -	1.76 1.72 4.11 2.15 1.22 1.16 3.00 6.58	16 642 15 767 774 101 380 299 20 61
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or attoched	2 860 794 698 862 1 952 1 209 47	709 240 311 507 1 058 673 38	945 392 258 235 620 410	543 99 68 73 200 89	405 63 48 31 58 32	130 - 13 9 16 5	87 . - 7 . -	26 - - - - -	15 - - - -	2.26 1.90 1.65 1.35 1.42 1.40	7 598 1 541 1 333 1 455 3 130 1 908 57
Specified renter-occupied housing units   Less than \$100   \$104   \$150 to \$149   \$150 to \$199   \$200 to \$249   \$250 to \$299   \$300 to \$349   \$350 to \$399   \$400 to \$499   \$500 or more   No cosh rent   Median   Median	8 360 564 548 1 321 1 800 1 838 855 569 412 225 228 \$246	3 504 493 386 831 976 447 144 33 63 19 112 \$199	2 852 39 132 348 637 938 367 219 81 25 66 \$262	1 072 12 20 103 139 268 163 179 114 40 34 \$296	624 20 	173 10 - 11 38 16 27 44 27 - \$371	94 - - 7 33 24 11 19 - \$365	26 - - - - - 7 - 19 - \$500+	15 - 6 6 - 9 -	1.74 1.07 1.21 1.29 1.42 2.00 2.27 2.68 3.04 3.88 1.53	16 908 618 682 1 973 2 991 4 075 2 302 1 542 1 451 814 460
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median gross rent as percentage of hausehold income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median gross rent as percentage of hausehold income Median gross rent as percentage of hausehold income	<b>8 422</b> \$8 867 30.0 <b>2 643</b> \$3 849 50+	3 536 \$5 781 32.6 1 078 \$2 708 50+	2 869 \$10 604 28.3 836 \$4 253 50+	1 072 \$11 094 32.6 370 \$6 054 50+	637 \$14 750 27.2 257 \$6 607 50+	173 \$19 583 25.8 39 \$6 953 39.5	94 \$15 682 37.0 40 \$8 295 50+	26 \$13 750 42.0 19 \$9 327 50+	\$33 500 16.5 4 \$8 750 50+	1.74  1.79 	17 022  

Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: . 1

For definitions of terms, see appendixes A Data are estimates based on a sample, see Intraduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction.

Median 52.2 66.1 60.6 60.6 42.8 38.8 41.8 41.8 52.2 34.3 47.0 34.1 25.6 26.4 30.5 32.5 39.3 29.0 32.1 31.0 30.8 29.1 33.3 33.3 33.1 28.6 28.7 28.7 26.8 45.0 000 92 130 130 105 83 85 85 85 85 85 894 38 1 1 1 2 1 38 38 38 38 65 years and over 옭 925 12 12 45 to 64 years 388 884 70 1.18 1.18 1.18 254 ts - 2558 <u>8</u> 35 to 44 years 253 12 -247 14 15 24 24 39 39 39 111 146.1 77 85 48 15 11 17 17 613 8 25 to 34 years 83 79 78 18 12 12 -2.16 624 405 260 116 63 63 ---584 840 80 83 113 76 134 281 281 35.7 15 to 24 years 17.5 351 174 5 28 261 40 1.08 309 188 1.0.1 202 **5**2444878456 years 8 65 and 231 to 64 years 72 42 70 71 71 30 80 178 26 -231 45 28 1 1 1 to 44 years 28 80 38 28 7 7 7 286 38 189 37 26 5 5 ---341 ₹ 1 E 1 257 88 87 87 27 27 29 27 29 32 25 ta 34 years 170 135 42 7 629 018 173 121 127 127 89 149 137 43 360 44, 27, 25, 27, 27, 1.30 15 to 24 years 90 90 105 161 161 298 223 298 43 43 43 35.2 99 32 21 13 13 132 369 431 177 71 71 19 19 198 65 years and over 1 476 184 15 15 16 184 184 2.05 205 6 1 45 to 64 years 1 210 554 361 206 79 79 2.50 6 950 405 27 5 129 31 56 30 2.45 800 13 35 to 44 years 307 76 185 671 275 102 4.09 .88884EE'8 309 474 397 459 106 46 3.17 4 857 to 34 years 1 482 482 35 \_ 303 189 147 147 60 2.80 327 32 132 6 136 6 25 146 18 18 3 3 380 15 to 24 years 167 437 26 -139 139 139 139 139 139 139 17 17 17 17 10 10 10 10 433 272 135 30 30 --2.30 062 167 Total 928 928 557 603 635 232 232 481 536 869 072 072 637 173 135 022 350 374 374 374 30.0 043 254 28 28 28 AORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 LUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM SROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage less than 15 to 19 percent less than 15 percent less than 10 percent less than 10 percent lo 10 to 14 percent lo 10 to 14 percent less than 10 percent less than Specified renter-occupled housing unit tess than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 49 percent 30 to 49 percent 30 to 40 percent 30 perce Owner-occupied housing units Bellingham city PERSONS IN UNIT **ERSONS IN UNI** 

Table B — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Mole householder							Femole householder					
Bellingham city			15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 yeors		15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years
	Total	Total	yeors	yeors	yeors	yeors	and over	Total	yeors	years	yeors	yeors	ond over
Owner-occupied housing units	2 088	715	32	170	80	172	261	1 373	31	83	26	398	835
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 079 9	711 4	28 4	170	80	172 -	261 -	1 368 5	31	83 _	26 -	393 5	835
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or attached	1 698	571	16	133	61	134	227	1 127	24	66	14	321	702
2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	209 181	79 65	16	17 20	19 -	38	29	130 116	7	17	8 4	60 17	62 71
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,4999	765 502 227 93	210 146 78 43	5 16 - 6	28 5 39 14	12 25 11 6	28 26 16 3	137 74 12 14	555 356 149 50	12 11 8	27 18 12 6	7 4 7	65 103 61 6	444 220 61 38
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	175 183	78 81	-	35 18	7 14	29 49	7	97 102	_	6 14	-8	67 67	61 38 24 13
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	58 43 42	50 23	5 -	20 11	5	14 7	11 - 6	8 20 36	-	-	-	7 22	8 13 14
\$50,000 or more Medion Meon	\$7 439 \$10 881	\$10 048 \$12 633	\$8 611 \$11 680	\$14 821 \$16 241	\$10 682 \$12 387	\$17 321 \$16 172	\$4 881 \$8 142	\$6 619 \$9 969	\$5 795 \$5 674	\$9 327 \$9 585	\$10 714 \$11 365	\$11 270 \$14 662	\$4 830 \$7 887
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	410 001	<b>4</b> ,2 555	7 555	¥,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	¥.2 33.	¥	40	4	<b>40</b> 0/ 4	ψ, σσσ	<b>411 000</b>	<b>Y</b> 1-1 002	4, 55,
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 620	562 259	16 6	128 116	61 5 <b>4</b>	130	227 18	1 058	20 12	59	14	307	658
With a martgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	561 94 93	37 57	- 6	7 13	19 12	65  19	11 7	3 <b>02</b> 57 36	-	<b>43</b> 12	14 - 7	174 33 16	59 12 13
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	118	35 36	-	28 18	- 6	7 12	<u>-</u>	83 32	7	12 12	ź –	43 13	13 14 7
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	49 70	23 31	_	10 7	6 11	7 1 <u>3</u>	-	26 39	_ 5	7	_	13 27	13
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	37 11	29 11	_	22 11	_	7	-	8 -	_	_	_	8	-
\$750 or more Medion Not mortgaged	21 \$290 <b>1 059</b>	\$301 <b>303</b>	\$225 10	\$328 12	\$233 <b>7</b>	\$327 <b>65</b>	\$191 <b>209</b>	21 \$285 <b>756</b>	\$293 <b>8</b>	\$290 16	\$250	21 \$294 133	\$266 <b>599</b>
Less than \$50	84 246	31 51	5	5	<u>-</u>	7 9	24 32	53 195	-	9 7	=	8 11	36 177
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	314 199	50 88	- 5	7 -	7	12 14	24 69	264 111	-	<u>-</u>	_	45 25	219 86
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	113 78	25 47	_	=	_	13 10	12 37	88 31	8 -	_	_	26 18	54 13
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	20 5	6 5	-	-	_	-	6 5	14	-	-	_	-	14
MedionSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$91	\$106	\$87	\$79	\$88	\$108	\$109	\$87	\$138	\$50	_	\$102	\$85
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	21.8	20.8	17.5	23.5	31.6	17.4	19.1	22.2	50+	28.3	40.0	19.9	21.7
With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level	28.5 18.5 <b>386</b>	24.3 16.5 <b>101</b>	17.5 20.0	24.6 10— <b>28</b>	31.2 32.5 12	21.9 10— <b>22</b>	46.0 18.0 <b>39</b>	32.1 19.2 <b>285</b>	50+ 17.5 <b>12</b>	31.0 22.5 <b>27</b>	40.0	27.1 16.3 <b>52</b>	50 + 20.1 187
Percent below poverty level	18.5	14.1	-	16.5	15.0	12.8	14.9	20.8	38.7	32.5	26.9	13.1	22.4
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	3 536	1 539	369	644	189	149	188	1 997	408	405	77	213	894
Complete plumbing for exclusive use  Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use  UNITS IN STRUCTURE	3 364 172	1 410 129	355 14	596 48	176 13	123 26	160 28	1 954 43	395 13	387 18	77 -	213	882 12
1, detoched or attached 2	709 240	322 139	112 24	140 71	31 12	23 9	16 23	387 101	64 32	111 14	19 6	44	149 49
3 and 4 5 to 9	311 507	112 244	37 47	61 112	14 28	25	32	199 263	46 78	73 54	13	30 29	50 89
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	1 058	514 182	108 35	199 53	73 25	86	48 69	544 491	148 40	123 30	32 7	61 44 5	180   370   7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	38	26	6	8	6	6	-	12	-	_	_		
Less thon \$5,000	1 575   978	517 402	161 111	158 165	22 27	82 42	94 57	1 058 576	206 147	131 140	24 36	91 34	606 219 37 13
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	337 174 221	185 87 136	27 7 39	117 61	15 19 13	5 7	21 _ 11	152 87 85	29 13 6	52 33 43	6 - 11	28 28 13	13
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	175 65	154 53	18 6	66 38 34	80 13	13	5	21 12	7	- 6	<u>'-</u>	7 6	7
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	11	5	-	5	-	_	-	6	_		-	6	-
Medion	\$5 781 \$7 709	\$7 980 \$9 651	\$6 306 \$7 683	\$9 951 \$10 525	\$17 212 \$15 726	\$4 728 \$6 603	\$5 000 \$6 825	\$4 797 \$6 213	\$4 954 \$5 600	\$7 128 \$8 102	\$6 726 \$7 087	\$7 989 \$9 465	\$4 197 \$4 787
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	3 504	1 528	369	633	189	149	188	1 976	408	401	77	213	877
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	493 386	150 185	26 14	22 86	6 13 59	31 33	65 39	343 201	5 50	22 54	-	5 29	311 68
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	831 976	439 440	132 145	180 178	63	30 30	38 24	392 536	125 152	108 116	31 28	23 73	105 167
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	447 144 33	149 73	18 13	92 25	20 28	13 7	6	298 71 27	59 _ _	74 22 5	12	56 6 11	103 31 11
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	63 19	42 -	6	30	-	=	6	27 21 19	10 7	- -	=	5	12
No cash rent	112 \$199	44 \$198	15 \$201	14 \$205	- \$211	5 \$157	10 \$125	68 \$202	\$209	\$206	\$213	\$232	63 \$162
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in		,		,		•				•	,	•	
Income in 1979 below poverty level	32.6 1 078	27.2 369	37.5 120	27.0 117	15.8 22	30.7 50	27.0 60	38.1 709	50 + 167	32.4 100	50 + 24	31.1 80	39.7 338
Percent below poverty level	30.5	24.0	32.5	18.2	11.6	33.6	31.9	35.5	40.9	24.7	31.2	37.6	37.8

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	•							•	
Bellingham city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Bellingham city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	206	44	70	92	Vacant for rent housing units	690	578	99	13
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	47 73 35 17 34 5.3	22 11 11 - 4.5	- 7 31 18 - 14 5.4	18 31 6 17 20 5.4	1 room	68 72 287 159 49 28 27 3.2	49 60 260 142 26 21 20 3.2	19 12 21 17 16 7 7 3.4	- 6 - 7 - 4.6
PLUMBING FACILITIES									
Complete plumbing for exclusive useLacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	206	44 -	70 -	92 -	PLUMBING FACILITIES  Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	633 57	527 51	93 6	13
BEDROOMS								-	
None	7 85 71 22 21	- 16 28 - -	- 32 24 - 14	7 37 19 22 7	BEDROOMS	86 338 213 23 27	67 280 195 13 20	19 45 18 10 7	13
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	3	3	-	-
1975 to March 1980	114 33 4 4 55	31 - - 4 - 9	36 20 - - - 14	47 13 - - - 32	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to March 1980	244 78 24 46 138 160	236 78 24 12 109 119	8 - - 34 23 34	- - - - 6 7
1, detached or attached	161	37	38	86	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more	38 7 192	7	32 - 64	6 - 84	1, detached or attached 2	134 30 55 45	99 24 37 30	35 6 11 15	- - 7 -
Other means None	14	-	6	8	10 to 49	275 135	250 122	19 13	6
Notice	_	-	-	-	Mabile hame or trailer	16	16	-	-
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant fer sale only housing units	133 - - 24 16 19 54 7	37 - - 15 5 - 17	31 - - - 11 20	. 8	\$pecified vacant for rent housing units	690 77 62 178 206 123 44 - \$207	578 71 43 137 197 108 22 - \$210	99 6 12 35 9 15 22 - \$185	13 77 6 6 - - - \$109
Median		\$48 500	\$73 800	\$65 400		,	,-,-		

# Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 6]

	-	Price asked	—Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	sing units	* ***	Rent asked—Specified vacant for rent housing units						
Bellingham city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 ta \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 ar more	Median (dollars)
Tatal	133	_	_	40	80	13	62 700	690	77	240	329	44	-	207
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	133	=	=	40 -	80	13	62 700	633 57	44 33	216 24	329	44	Ξ	214 95
BEDROOMS														
None	- 39 51 22 21	- - - - -	- - - - -	- 20 11 9	- 19 40 - 21	- - - 13	44 800 61 800 128 800 76 300	86 338 213 23 27 3	36 41 - - - -	35 160 38 - 7	15 137 167 7 - 3	8 16 20	-	121 180 249 314 316 288
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to March 1980	61 13 - 4 - 55	- - - - -	- - - - -	11 - - - 29	50 - - 4 - 26	13 - - - -	65 900 137 500 62 500 44 300	244 78 24 46 138 160	38 - - - 12 27	70 7 24 29 26 84	136 71 - 10 82 30	- - 7 18	-	214 233 177 181 215 157
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or mare Mobile home or trailer	133	:::	:::	40 	80	13	62 700	134 540 16	77	36 188 16	54 275 –	44 - -	- - -	266 201 182

# Appendix A. — Area Classifications

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PLACES	A-
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#### REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

#### **STATES**

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

## PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

## **Incorporated Places**

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

## **Census Designated Places**

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

# STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

## Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50 000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the non-metropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

## SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

## **New SMSA Standards**

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

## **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, *Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants*, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the *Number of Inhabitants* report for each census.

#### AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

# Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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through self-enumeration. The principal

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

#### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

**Year-Round Housing Units**—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

# OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

**Age of Householder**—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

**Household Type**—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

**Year Householder Moved Into Unit**—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

**Tenure**—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C. Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

**Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder**—The data on Spanish/
Hispanic origin or descent of householder
were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of
the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage—The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

## **UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS**

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

**Persons Per Room**—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

**Bedrooms**—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

## STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—''Year structure built'' refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

**Stories in Structure**—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

# **PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS**

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix F).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

## **EQUIPMENT AND FUELS**

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

В

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available—Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

### FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Value**—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would self for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

**Price Asked**—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only

one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appen-

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

# Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

Size of Family Unit	Weighted													
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more				
l person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686	•••											
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • •	• • •		• • •			• • • •					
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	• • •	• • • •	• • •	• • •	• • • •	• • •	• • • •					
2 persons	4,723	4,723												
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000				• • •							
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	• • • •	• • • •	• • •	•••	• • •	• • • •	••••				
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844										
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382	• • •	• • •		• • •					
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525	• • •			• • • •				
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512							
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429						
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	• • • •				
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024				

# Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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#### **USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE**

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

#### Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

#### Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

## Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

#### Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

# Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

#### Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

## Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

# DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

## PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC), For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed. "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

# Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

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## INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

#### SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

#### **ERRORS IN THE DATA**

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

### Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons. families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se and Se of estimates x and y:

Se 
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A. C. and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

### Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

# Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

## **ESTIMATION PROCEDURE**

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of

five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

## **PERSONS**

## Stage I—Type of Household

_	0 1 11 1 11 11 11 11	
Group	Persons in Housing Units With a	
	Family With Own Children	
	Under 18	
1	2 persons in housing unit	
2	3 persons in housing unit	
3	4 persons in housing unit	
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit	
5	8 or more persons in housing	
	unit	
	Persons in Housing Units With a	
	<del>-</del>	
	Family Without Own Children	
	Under 18	

6-10

through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Persons in All Other Housing Units

2 persons in housing unit

11 1 person in housing unit
12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

# Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

### Group

1

Householder

2 Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

# Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race								
	Persons of Spanish Origin								
	<i>Male</i>								
1	0 to 4 years of age								
2	5 to 14 years of age								
3	15 to 19 years of age								
4	20 to 24 years of age								
5	25 to 34 years of age								
6	35 to 44 years of age								
7	45 to 64 years of age								
8	65 years of age or older								
	Female								

9-16 Same age categories as groups 1 to 8

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each The three stages of stage III group. adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

# OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

## Stage I—Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family					
	With Own Children Under 18					
1	2 persons in housing unit					
2	3 persons in housing unit					
3	4 persons in housing unit					
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit					
5	8 or more persons in housing					
	unit					
6-10	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit					

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit
2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

# Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
	Renter White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
81 82 83 84 85 86 87	Rent Categories \$1 to \$59 \$60 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499
89 90	\$500+ Other Renter
90	No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81

to 102

or Aleut Race

to 102

147-168

American Indian, Eskimo,

Same rent-Spanish origin

categories as groups 81

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81

# **VACANT HOUSING UNITS**

to 102

## Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

# CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data. the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recogthe situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of fabricated persons being data for submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

# EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

## **ALLOCATION TABLES**

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

# Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	2/ Size of publication area													
Total 1/	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20 25 -	16 21 30 35	16 22 35 45 55	16 22 35 45 65 80	16 22 35 50 65 95	16 22 35 50 70	16 22 35 50 70	16 22 35 50 70 110	16 22 35 50 70	16 22 35 50 70	16 22 35 50 70	16 22 35 50 70	16 22 35 50 70	16 22 35 50 70
5 000	-	- - -	-		110	140 170 170	150 200 230 250	150 210 250 310	160 220 270 340	160 220 270 350	160 220 270 350	160 220 270 350	160 220 270 350	160 220 270 350
75 000 100 000 250 000 500 000 1 000 000 5 000 000 10 000 000	-	-	-	-	- - - -	- - - -	-	310 - - - - -	510 550 -  	570 630 790 - -	590 670 970 1 120 - -	610 700 1 090 1 500 2 000	610 700 1 100 1 540 2 120 3 540	610 710 1 100 1 570 2 190 4 470 5 480

<sup>1/</sup> For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the shandard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 $\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

# Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	1/ tage		-			
-	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	. 3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

<sup>1/</sup> For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 $\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

<sup>2/</sup> The total count of housing units in the area.

# Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.1	0.9	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	0.9	0.5
Tenure	1.1	1.0	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Stories in structure	0.9	0.9	0.5
Passenger elevator	0.9	0.9	0.4
Persons in unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into			
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.2	1.0	0.6
Number of bedrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.0	0.9	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	1.0	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household			
income in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner costs	1.0	0.9	0.5
Household income	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.1	0.9	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for			
exclusive use with 1.01 persons			
per room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

# Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing units				
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in somple			
The SMSA	47 479	16.6			
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's					
Bellingham city	19 750	16.2			

 $\partial D / \partial G = - (1 + O + O + O)$ 

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# Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12**

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- 19. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day By the week Every other we	30 4 ek 2
1	

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year 2 times a year	3 6
Once a year	12

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20**

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers warm eir to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed end does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32**

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ( { ) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "inortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

- 12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.
  - If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.
- 13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.
  - Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.
  - b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
  - c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
    - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
    - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
    - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
    - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20**

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
  - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
    - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
    - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
    - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
    - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
  - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
  - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
  - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

#### Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

#### Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
  - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
  - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
  - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
  - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
  - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

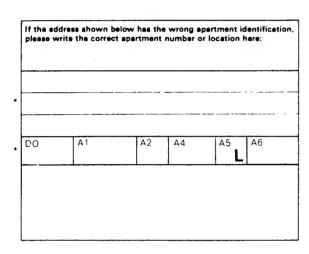
#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

- If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:
  - Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.
- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
  - Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
  - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
  - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
  - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
  - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- 33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

## 1980 Census of the United States



#### Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

#### Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take atock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue -

#### Page 1

#### How to fill out your Census Form

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

**Use** a black pencil to answer the questions Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens

Fill circles "O" completely, like this ●

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here.

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope, no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

#### **Question 1**

#### List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

#### Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

here on Tu staying or	uesday, Apri r visiting hei	l 1, 1980, o e and had	r who was no other h	ome?
<u></u>			•	
	-	-		
		**		

#### Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue -

e 2	_	ALSO ANSWER	THE HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3			
Here are the OUESTIONS	These are the columns for ANSWERS	PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2 Lest name			
<b>↓</b>	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initial			
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1?  Fill one circle.  If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, nlece, grandson, etc.		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1:  Husband/wife   Father/mother Son/daughter   Other relative — Brother/sister    If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder   Other nonrelative — Partner, roommate   Paid employee			
3. Sex Fill one	e circle.	○ Male	○ Male			
4. Is this person		<ul> <li>○ White</li> <li>○ Black or Negro</li> <li>○ Hawaiian</li> <li>○ Japanese</li> <li>○ Guamanian</li> <li>○ Chine'se</li> <li>○ Samoan</li> <li>○ Filipino</li> <li>○ Eskimo</li> <li>○ Korean</li> <li>○ Aleut</li> <li>○ Vietnamese</li> <li>○ Indian (Amer.)</li> <li>Print</li> <li>tribe</li> </ul>	O White O Asian Indian  Black or Negro Hawaiian  Japanese Guamanian  Chinese Samoan  Filipino Eskimo  Korean Aleut  Vietnamese Other — Specify  Print  tribe →			
5. Age, and m	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday			
a. Print age at	last birthday.					
b. Print month	and fill one circle.	b. Month of 1 • 8 •   Ø •   Ø •   B	b. Month of   1 •   8 °   0 °			
c. Print year ir below each	n the spaces, and fill one circle number.	birth	birth			
6. Marital stat	us	Now married	Now married			
Fill one circle.		O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	O Widowed O Never married O Divorced			
7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent?  Fill one circle.		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	<ul> <li>No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</li> <li>Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano</li> <li>Yes, Puerto Rican</li> <li>Yes, Cuban</li> <li>Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic</li> </ul>			
8. Since February 1, 1980, has this person attended regular school or college at any time? Fill one circle. Count nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree.		No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church related	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related			
	highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever e.	Highest grade attended:  Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended:  Nursery school  Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12			
If now attending school, mark grade person is in. If high school was finished by equivalency test (GED), mark "12."		College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  0 0 0 0 0 0 0  Never attended school - Skip question 10	College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  0 0 0 0 0 0  Never attended school - Skip question 10			
10. Did this person finish the highest grade (or year) attended?  Fill one circle.		Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	<ul> <li>Now attending this grade (or year)</li> <li>Finished this grade (or year)</li> <li>Did not finish this grade (or year)</li> </ul>			
		USE ONLY A. OI ON OO	CENSUS A. OIONO			

Page 3

PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, FOR YOU	/ER QUESTIONS H1—H12
First name Middle initial  If relative of person in column 1:	Please see note on page 20.  H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here	
O Husband/wife O Father/mother O Son/daughter O Other relative Brother/sister	once in a while and has no other home?  O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out.  No	H10. If this is a one-family house —  a, is the house on a property of 10 or more acres?  • Yes  • No
If not related to person in column 1:  O Roomer, boarder O Other O Partner, roommate nonrelative, Paid employee	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or In a hospital?  O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away.  No	b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office?  O Yes  No
O Male Female O White O Asian Indian	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed?  O Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker.	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium  unit which you own or are buying —  What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or
O Black or Negro O Hawaiian O Japanese O Guamanian O Chinese O Samoan O Korean O Aleut O Vietnamese O Other — Specify Indian (Amer.) Print tribe —	O No  H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address?  One 2 apartments or living quarters 3 apartments or living quarters 4 apartments or living quarters	condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?  Do not answer this question if this is —  • A mobile home or trailer • A house on 10 or more acres • A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property
a. Age at last birthday	<ul> <li>5 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>6 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>7 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>8 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>9 apartments or living quarters</li> <li>10 or more apartments or living quarters</li> <li>This is a mobile home or trailer</li> </ul>	○ Less than \$10,000       \$50,000 to \$54,999         ○ \$10,000 to \$14,999       ○ \$55,000 to \$59,999         ○ \$15,000 to \$17,499       ○ \$60,000 to \$64,999         ○ \$17,500 to \$19,999       ○ \$65,000 to \$69,999         ○ \$22,500 to \$24,999       ○ \$70,000 to \$74,999         ○ \$25,000 to \$27,499       ○ \$80,000 to \$89,999
4 0 4 0   5 0   5 0   5 0   0   0   0   0   0	H5. Do you enter your living quarters —  O Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? O Through someone else's living quarters?  H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or	○ \$27,500 to \$29,999 ○ \$90,000 to \$99,999 ○ \$30,000 to \$34,999 ○ \$100,000 to \$124,999 ○ \$35,000 to \$39,999 ○ \$125,000 to \$149,999 ○ \$40,000 to \$44,999 ○ \$150,000 to \$199,999 ○ \$45,000 to \$49,999 ○ \$200,000 or more
O Now married O Separated O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	shower?  Yes, for this household only Yes, but also used by another household No, have some but not all plumbing facilities	What is the monthly rent?  If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent.  C Less than \$50  \$160 to \$169
No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No plumbing facilities in living quarters  H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters?  Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconles, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.  1 room 4 rooms 7 rooms 2 rooms 5 rooms 8 rooms	\$50 to \$59     \$170 to \$179       \$60 to \$69     \$180 to \$189       \$70 to \$79     \$190 to \$199       \$80 to \$89     \$200 to \$224       \$90 to \$99     \$225 to \$249
No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	O 3 rooms O 6 rooms O 9 or more rooms  H8. Are your living quarters — O wned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household: Rented for cash rent? O ccupied without payment of cash rent?	○ \$100 to \$109       ○ \$250 to \$274         ○ \$110 to \$119       ○ \$275 to \$299         ○ \$120 to \$129       ○ \$300 to \$349         ○ \$130 to \$139       ○ \$350 to \$399         ○ \$140 to \$149       ○ \$400 to \$499         ○ \$150 to \$159       ○ \$500 or more
Highest grade attended:  O Nursery school  Cindergarten  Elementary through high school (grade or year)	FOR CENSUS US	E ONLY
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 91011 12	number Occupied C1. Is this un  O First form Sease  O Continuetion  O Sease	it for — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
College (academic year)		status  C3, and D.  Gup to 12 months  I I I  O 1 year up to 2 years  2 2 2
O Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)  CENSUS A. O L. O N. O O	S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	for occasional use revacant  1. 0 0 Mail return 2. 0 0 Pop./F  2 2 2 2 8 8 8
USE ONLY NON ON	999 9999 O Continuation O Yes	O No 00 999

H13. Which best describes this building?	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS
Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.  A mobile home or trailer  A one-family house detached from any other house  A one-family house attached to one or more houses  A building for 2 families  A building for 3 or 4 families	Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.  Coal or coke Wood Other fuel No fuel used	USE H22a. ○ ○ ○ ○ I I I □ □ □ □ □ 3 3 3
A building for 5 to 9 families  A building for 10 to 19 families  A building for 20 to 49 families  A building for 50 or more families  A boat, tent, van, etc.	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?  Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.  Coal or coke Wood Other fuel No fuel used	4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 ? ? 8 8 8 9 9 9
H14a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?  Count an attic or basement as a story if It has any finished rooms for living purposes.  1 to 3 — Skip to H15	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?  Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.  Coal or coke Wood Other fuel No fuel used  H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  a. Electricity	H22b.  Ø Ø Ø I I I I 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6
<ul> <li>H15a. Is this building —</li> <li>○ On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16</li> <li>○ On a place of 1 to 9 acres?</li> <li>○ On a place of 10 or more acres?</li> </ul>	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge  Average monthly cost Electricity not used  b. Gas \$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge  Case not used	7 ? ? 8 8 8 9 9 9 H22c.
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount te —  Less than \$50 (or None) \$250 to \$599 \$1,000 to \$2,499  \$50 to \$249 \$600 to \$999 \$2,500 or more	c. Water \$ .00 OR Included in rent or no charge  Yearly cost  d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	I I I 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6
H16. Do you get water from —  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?  An individual drilled well?  An individual dug well?  Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	* OO OR O Included in reint or no charge	7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 H22d.
H17. Is this building connected to a public sewer?  Yes, connected to public sewer  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No, use other means	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?  Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.  No bedroom 2 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms	1111
#18. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?  A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.  A half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	6666 7777 8888 9999
H19. When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom  1 complete bathroom,  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)  2 or more complete bathrooms  H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes  No	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4
H20. How are your living quarters heated?  Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.  Steam or hot water system  Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms  (Do not count electric heat pumps here)	H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit  Yes, 2 or more individual room units  No	5555 6666 7777 8888 9999
<ul> <li>Electric heat pump</li> <li>Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard)</li> <li>Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace</li> </ul>	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?  Onone O1 automobile O3 or more automobiles	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5
<ul> <li>Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene</li> <li>Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable)</li> <li>Fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind</li> <li>No heating equipment</li> </ul>	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?  O None O 2 vans or trucks O 1 van or truck O 3 or more vans or trucks	66667777

YOUR HOUSEHOLD		P
Please answer H30—H32 If you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, <u>unless</u> this is —		
A mobile home or trailer		
A house on 10 or more acres	rent your unit or this is a	
	ip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.	
A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property		
at were the real estate taxes on this property last year?	c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender?  Also include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding	
\$ .00 OR O None	second or junior mortgages on this property.	
	\$ .00 OR O No regular payment required —	
is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?		page
.00 OR O None	d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) included payments for real estate taxes on this property?	de
	Yes, taxes included in payment	
ou have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar on this property?	No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required	
Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) inclu- payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	de
Yes, contract to purchase No — Skip to page 6	Yes, insurance included in payment	
	No, insurance paid separately or no insurance	
ou have a second or junior mortgage on this property?		
es O No	Please turn to page 6	
	ricase will to page o	
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FOR CENSU	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 . O 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 . O 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 5 6 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 9 7 8 9 9 9 7 8 9 9 9 9
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	T.							
Name of Person 1	16.		this person		22a. Did this person work at any time <u>last week?</u>			
on page 2:			before April lease go on wit	1965 — Th questions 17-33	○ Yes — Fill this circle if this ○ No — Fill this circle  person worked full   if this person			
Last name First name Middle initial			April 1965 o		time or part time. did not work			
11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?		<del> </del>		ge for next person	(Count part-time work or did only o			
Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital		17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person —			such as delivering papers, housework, or helping without pay in school work			
		a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?  • Yes • No			a family business or farm. or volunteer			
were in the some State.	١.	. Attending	college?		Also count active duty work, In the Armed Forces.)			
	١	O Yes	_	No	Skip to 25			
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.	_				b. How many hours did this person work last week			
12. If this person was born in a foreign country –	٠	_	it a job or bi full time O		(at all jobs)?			
a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the		O Yes,		140	Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked			
United States?	18a	Is this per	son a vetera	n of active-duty military	Hours			
<ul><li>Yes, a naturalized citizen</li><li>No, not a citizen</li></ul>				Forces of the United States?				
O Born abroad of American parents				Guard or Reserves only,	23. At what location did this person work last week?			
b. When did this person come to the United States	1	see instructi		No - Skip to 19	If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.			
to stay?					If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.			
O 1975 to 1980 O 1965 to 1969 O 1950 to 1959	6		-	ary service during — od in which this person served.				
O 1970 to 1974 O 1960 to 1964 O Before 1950		O May 1	1975 or later		a. Address (Number and street)			
1	-		am era <i>(Augu</i> Jary 1955—J	ist 1964–April 1975)				
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?			-	une 1950-January 1955)	If street address is not known, enter the building name,			
_ ○ Yes ○ No, only speaks English — Skip to 14				ember 1940-July 1947)	shopping center, or other physical location description.			
	_		other time	1917–November 1918)	b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.			
b. What is this language?	19.1	Does this p	erson have	a physical, mental, or other				
	1	health cond	dition which	has lasted for 6 or more	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (lega			
(Far example – Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)			d which	. Yes No	limits of that city town village borough etc?			
c. How well does this person speak English?	a. !		ind or amou his person c	nt <u> </u>	O Yes O No, in unincorporated area			
O Very well O Not well	b.	Prevents thi	is person fro	m working at a job? O				
O Well O Not at all			events this p		d. County			
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about	<u></u>	from usi	ng public tra	nsportation?				
how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.		•	is a female –	None 1 2 3 4 5 6	e. State			
			babies has s unting stillbi	rthe?	24a Last week how long did it usually take this person			
	1		her stepchild	mo	to get from home to work (one way)?			
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Handuran Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican,	0	r children sh	e has adopted	00000	Minutes			
Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)		•	has ever beer					
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago	a.ı	Once		narried more than once? More than once	b. How did this person usually get to work last week  If this person used more than one method, give the one			
(April 1, 1975)?	١.,	† _		<u>†</u> _	usually used for most of the distance.			
If in college or Armed Farces in April 1975, report place of residence there.	b.	Month and of marris	-	Month and year of first marriage?	O Car O Taxicab			
O Born April 1975 or later – Turn to next page for			•		O Truck ☐ O Motorcycle O Van O Bicycle			
O Yes, this house - Skip to 16		(Month)	(Year)	(Month) (Year)	O Bus or streetcar O Walked only			
_ O No, different house	1			- Did the first marriage	Railroad			
b. Where did this person live five years ago	•			th of the husband (or wife)?	If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c.			
(April 1, 1975)?		O Yes	•		Otherwise, skip to 28.			
(1) State, foreign country,	777	771.71		for cens	SUS USE ONLY			
Puerto Rico,	Per.	11.	13b.	14.	■ 15b. ■ 23. ■ O VL 24a			
Guam, etc.:	No.	111	000	000000				
(0) 0	Ś	SSS	SSS	5 5 5 5 5 5 5	8 888 888 888 888 8			
(2) County:	3	3 3 3	3 3 3	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3			
(2) County:	4-	999	444	444444				

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555

(3) City, town,

O Yes

village, etc.:

(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits

O No, in unincorporated area

of that city, town, village, etc.?

a When soing to work last work did this namen wayally	CENSUS	312   201 May (1979) did this no	ork even for a face			
c. When going to work last week, did this person usually —	USE	31a. Last year (1979), did this person w days, at a paid job or in a business		CEN	isus u	SE ONLY
O Drive alone — Skip to 28 O Drive others only O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	21b.		or raini.	31b.	31c.	31d.
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	.00	O Yes C	No - Skip to 31d	00	00	00
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	1 1 1				III	
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	1 ()	b. How many weeks did this person	work in 1979?	II		
	3 3 3	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and		S v	5 8	
0 2 💼 0 4 0 6	11 3 3	Count pala vacation, pala sick leave, and	a mintary service.	3 :	3 3	
O 3 O 5 O 7 or more	044		Weeks	9-9	19-9-	.   9- 9-
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	III 5 °			5 5	5 5	5 5
. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	066	c. During the weeks worked in 1979,	how many hours did	(,	66	6
or business last week?	7 7	this person usually work each wee		i	77	7
	IV ⊗ ⊗	work each wee	·N.	٠:	lss	8
○ Yes, on layoff	099		Hours	( )	199	,
<ul> <li>Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.</li> </ul>					i _ 1	
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (	if any), how many weeks	32a.		32b.
	00	was this person looking for work o		000	!	
a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?		l and the person to the great many		., .,		0000
	II		Weeks		II	III
0 163 0 176 0 177 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	8.8			4	8 8	5 5 5
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	3.3	32. Income in 1979		3 3 3	3 3 ¦	3 3 3 :
<u> </u>	9-4-	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.	•	990	441	9-9-9-0
O No, already has a job	55	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" ab	ove the dollar amount	5 5 5	55!	555
No, temporarily ill	66	If exact amount is not known, give best e		666		6666
O No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	1.5			773		7777
O Yes, could have taken a job	1	received jointly by household members,	see instruction guide.			
	8.5	During 1979 did this person receive	any income from the	888	,	8888
. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	0.1		any medine from the	0,00	* · 1	9999
O 1980 O 1978 O 1970 to 1974		following sources?		1	$A \circ $	O A (
	28.	If "Yes" to any of the sources below	How much did this	32c.		32d.
O 1979 O 1975 to 1977 O 1969 or earlier	ABC	person receive for the entire year?			1	
O Never worked J	000			000		0000
20.0	1 -	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonus		īI	II	I I I
-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before a	leductions for taxes, bonds,	5 5 .	2 6	288
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	000	dues, or other items.		33.	33 l	333
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which		○ Yes → g	00	9-9-6	9 4	9990
this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	0 No 7	.00	5 5		555
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for	200	(Ani	nuai amount – Dollars)	1		
last job or business since 1975.	1	b. Own nonfarm business, partnershi	in or professional	666		6666
	KLM			7 7 1	i i	777
. Industry	005	practice Report net income after	er business expenses.	8 8 8	88	8883
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	1	■ ○ Yes → s	.00	330	9 9 ¦	999
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	■ ○ No		0	A O I	O A
	1 1 1	(Ani	nual amount – Dollars)	L		
		c. Own farm		32e.	i	32f.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	, ,	Report net income after operating expe	enses. Include earnings as	1		0.00
b. What kind of business or industry was this?		a tenant farmer or sharecropper.		000		0000
·	n- n				I I	1 1
Describe the activity at location where employed.	1 1	○ Yes → s	.00		. ن څ	5 8
	( ()			1		3 3
	1 1,	○ No 74 m	nual amount — Dollars	1	3 3	, ,
	1 6	(Ani	nual amount – Dollars)	3 :	3 3	9-9-
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,		O No (Ann)  d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or ne	<del></del>	3 :		
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	1 6	(Ani	et rental income	4 4	4-4 5-5	9- 9- 9 5 5
	1 C	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or ne Report even small amounts credited to	et rental income an account.	'3 '	4-4 5-5 6-6	9- (+- (+- (+- (+- (+- (+- (+- (+- (+- (+
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)  c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)  Manufacturing	1 C	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or ne Report even small amounts credited to	et rental income an account.	7 G G	4-4 5-5 6-6 7-7	4 4 5 5 5 C G C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)  c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)  Manufacturing Retail trade  Wholesale trade  Other — (agriculture, construction,	AF O	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or ne Report even small amounts credited to	et rental income an account.	7 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	44 55 66 77 38	4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)  Manufacturing — Retail trade	AF O	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or ne Report even small amounts credited to  Yes → \$  No (Ann)	et rental income an account. .00 nual amount — Dollars)	7 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	4-4 5-5 6-6 7-7	4 4 5 5 5 C G C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)  Manufacturing ————————————————————————————————————	AF O NW D	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or ne Report even small amounts credited to  Yes → \$  No (Ani  e. Social Security or Railroad Retiren	et rental income an account. .00 nual amount — Dollars)	7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G	44 55 66 77 38	4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)  c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)  Manufacturing ————————————————————————————————————	AF O NW D	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or ne Report even small amounts credited to  Yes → \$  No (Ani  e. Social Security or Railroad Retiren	et rental income an account. .00 nual amount — Dollars)	32g.	44 55 66 77 38	4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)  Manufacturing ————————————————————————————————————	AF O NW D	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or ne Report even small amounts credited to  Yes   No  (Ann  (Ann  Yes)  No  (Ann  (A	et rental income an account00 nual amount — Dollars) nent	7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G	44 55 66 77 38	4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)  c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)  Manufacturing ————————————————————————————————————	AF O NW D	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or ne Report even small amounts credited to  Yes   No  (Ann  e. Social Security or Railroad Retirer  No  No  (Ann  Ann  (Ann	et rental income an account00 nual amount — Dollars) nent00 nual amount — Dollars)	32g.	44 55 67 38 99	4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)  c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)  Manufacturing	AF O NW O	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or ne Report even small amounts credited to  Yes - \$  No (Ann)  e. Social Security or Railroad Retirent  No Yes - \$  (Ann)  1. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid t	et rental income an account	32g.	44 55 66 77 88 99	4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
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auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)  c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)  Manufacturing — Retail trade  Wholesale trade — Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)  Occupation  a. What kind of work was this person doing?  (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)  b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?  (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)  Was this person — (Fill one circle)  Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions — Federal government employee — Ostate government employee (city, county, etc.) — Oself-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm — Own business not incorporated — Own business not	29.  N P Q O O O O R S T O O O U V W O O O X Y Z O O O I I E E B B B B B B E C E B B B B B E C E C	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or ne Report even small amounts credited to Yes No (Ann)  e. Social Security or Railroad Retirer  Yes Social Security or Railroad Retirer  Yes Social Security (SSI), Aid to Dependent Children (AFDC), or other or public welfare payments  Yes Social Security (SSI), Aid to Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public welfare payments  Yes Social Security (SSI), Aid to Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public welfare payments  Yes Social Security or Railroad Retirer	et rental income an account.  .00 nual amount — Dollars) nent  .00 nual amount — Dollars) o Families with her public assistance .00 nual amount — Dollars) terans' payments. t, or any other sources concey from an inheritance .00 nual amount — Dollars)	32g. 0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 5 6 6	44 55667 6778 6	33. 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
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auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)  c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)  Manufacturing — Retail trade  Wholesale trade — Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)  Occupation  a. What kind of work was this person doing?  (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)  b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?  (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)  Was this person — (Fill one circle)  Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions — Federal government employee — Ostate government employee (city, county, etc.) — Oself-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm — Own business not incorporated — Own business not	29.  N P Q O O O O R S T O O O U V W O O O X Y Z O O O I I E E B B B B B B E C E B B B B B E C E C	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or ne  Report even small amounts credited to  Yes  No  [Am.]  e. Social Security or Railroad Retirer  Yes  No  [Am.]  f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Dependent Children (AFDC), or oth or public welfare payments  Yes  No  [Am.]  g. Unemployment compensation, ver pensions, alimony or child support of income received regularly  Exclude lump-sum payments such as me or the sale of a home.  Yes  No  [Am.]  33. What was this person's total income Add entries in questions 32a through g; subtract any losses.  If rotal amount was a loss,	et rental income an occount.	32g. 0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 5 6 6	44 55667 6778 6	33. 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 0 A 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 6 7 7 8 8 8 6 7 7 8 8 8 8

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#### Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

GENERAL	F-1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.
PUBLICATIONS	F-1	HC80-5, Volume
Population and Housing Census		tial Finance
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the 1980 Census of Popuusing are issued in three reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices: and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

#### **PUBLICATIONS**

#### Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1. Block Statistics—These reports. which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

#### **Population Census Reports**

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veteral. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and crossclassified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

#### **Housing Census Reports**

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

#### **Evaluation and Reference Reports**

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

#### **COMPUTER TAPES**

#### **Summary Tape Files**

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

#### Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

#### MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

#### **MICROFICHE**

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

**STF 3 Microfiche**—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

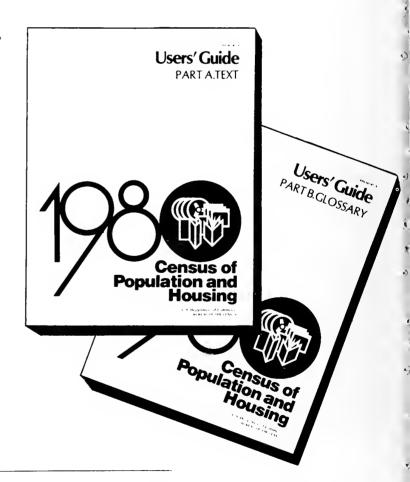
# 1980 Census of Population and Housing

### **Users' Guide**

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text-Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates-Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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